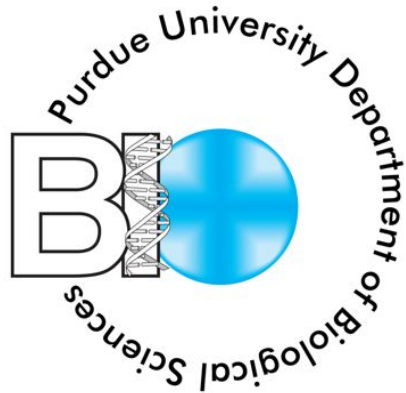


EMAN Workshop, 2008

Near-atomic resolution 3-D reconstruction of viruses

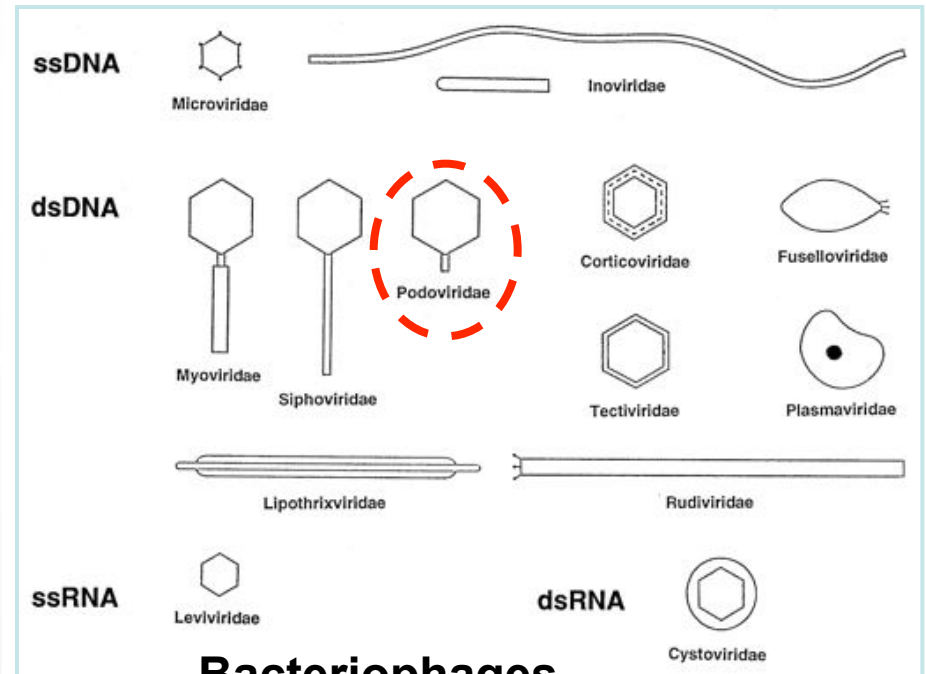
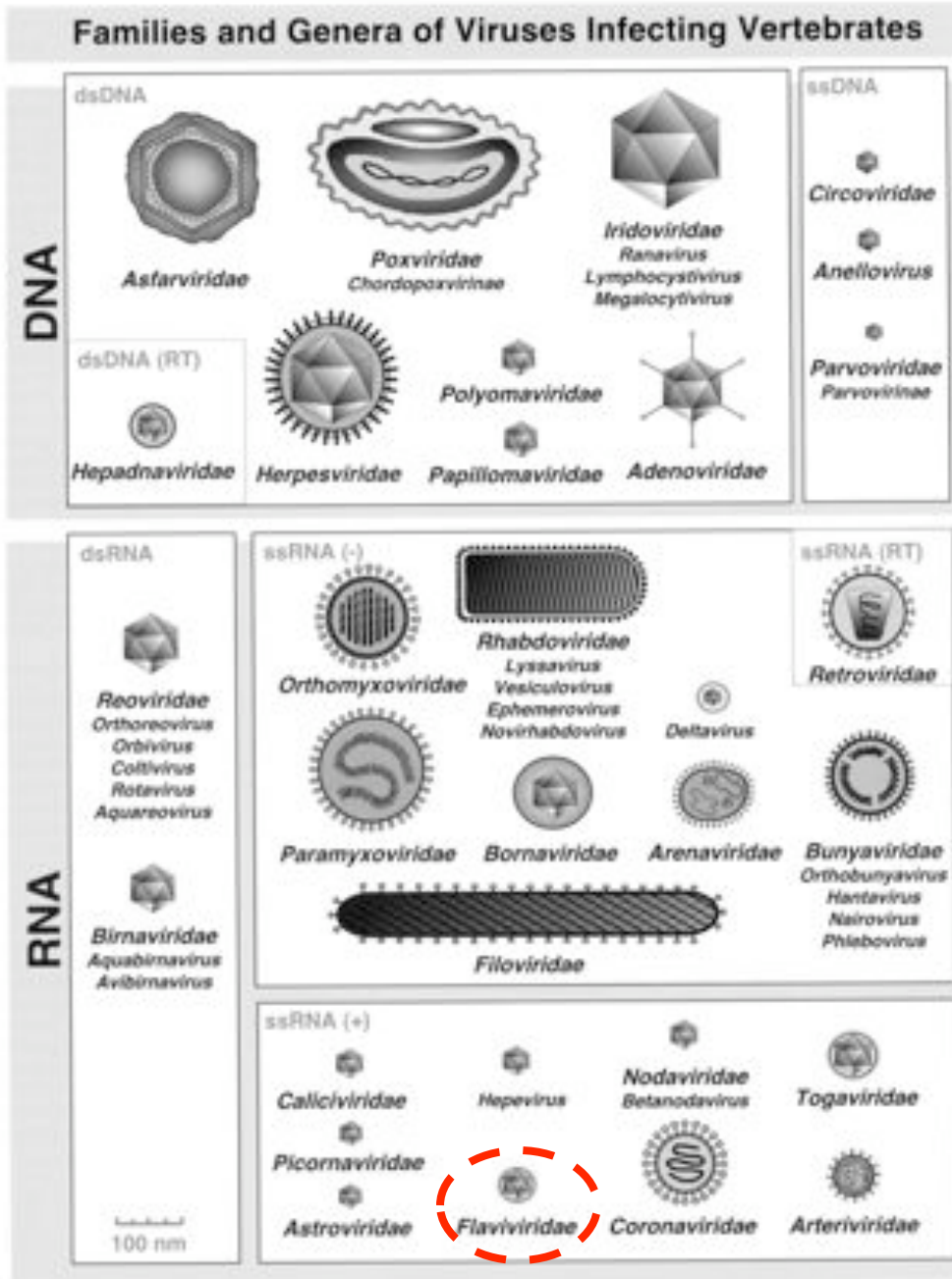
Wen Jiang



Markey Center for Structural Biology

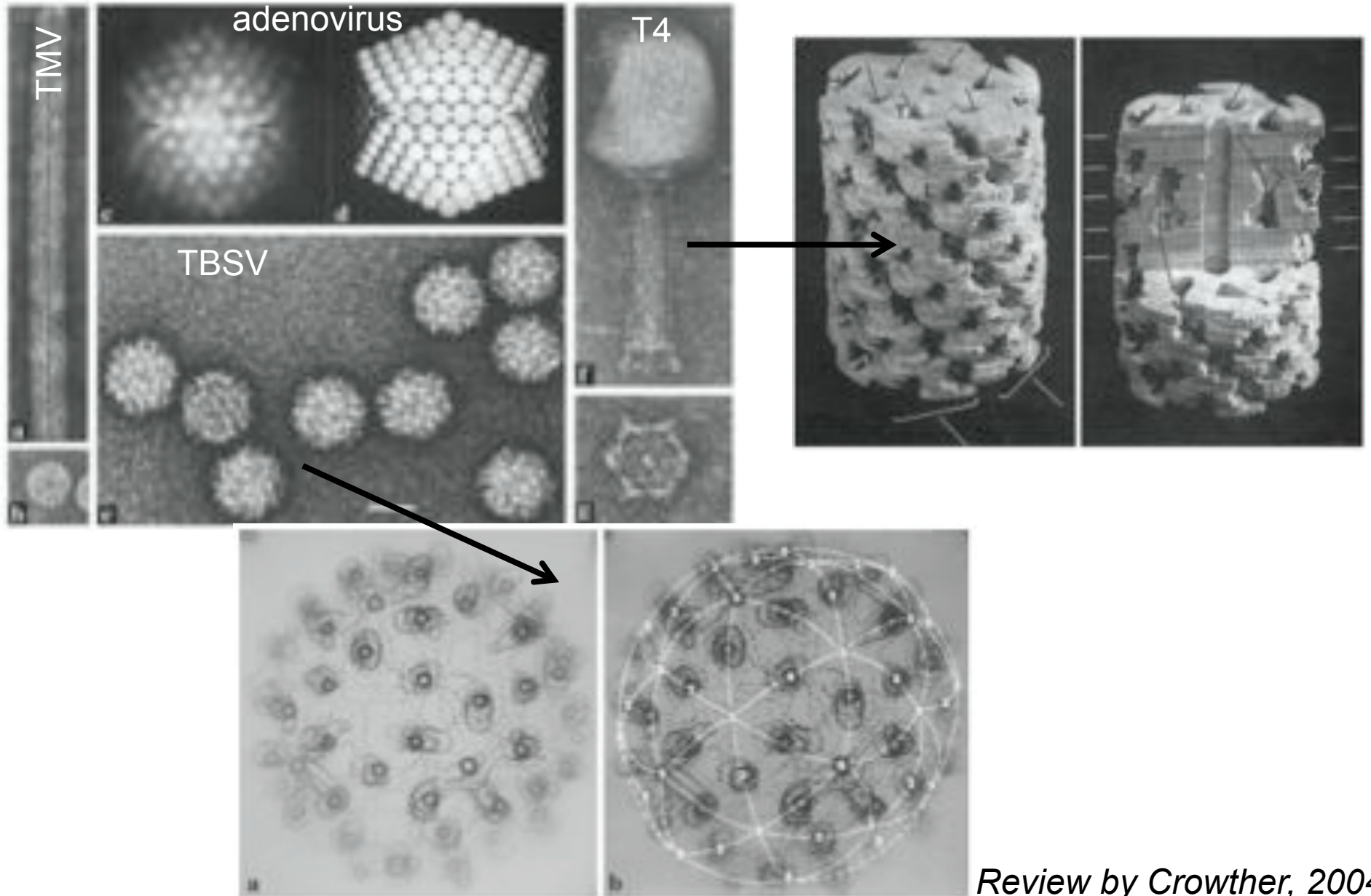
PURDUE
UNIVERSITY.

Viruses



- “Parasites” that infect cells
- Bacterial viruses are also called phages
- 10^2 - 10^3 Å in diameter
- Composition: protein shell + DNA/RNA genome. Some have lipid envelope
- Many viruses have icosahedral shell

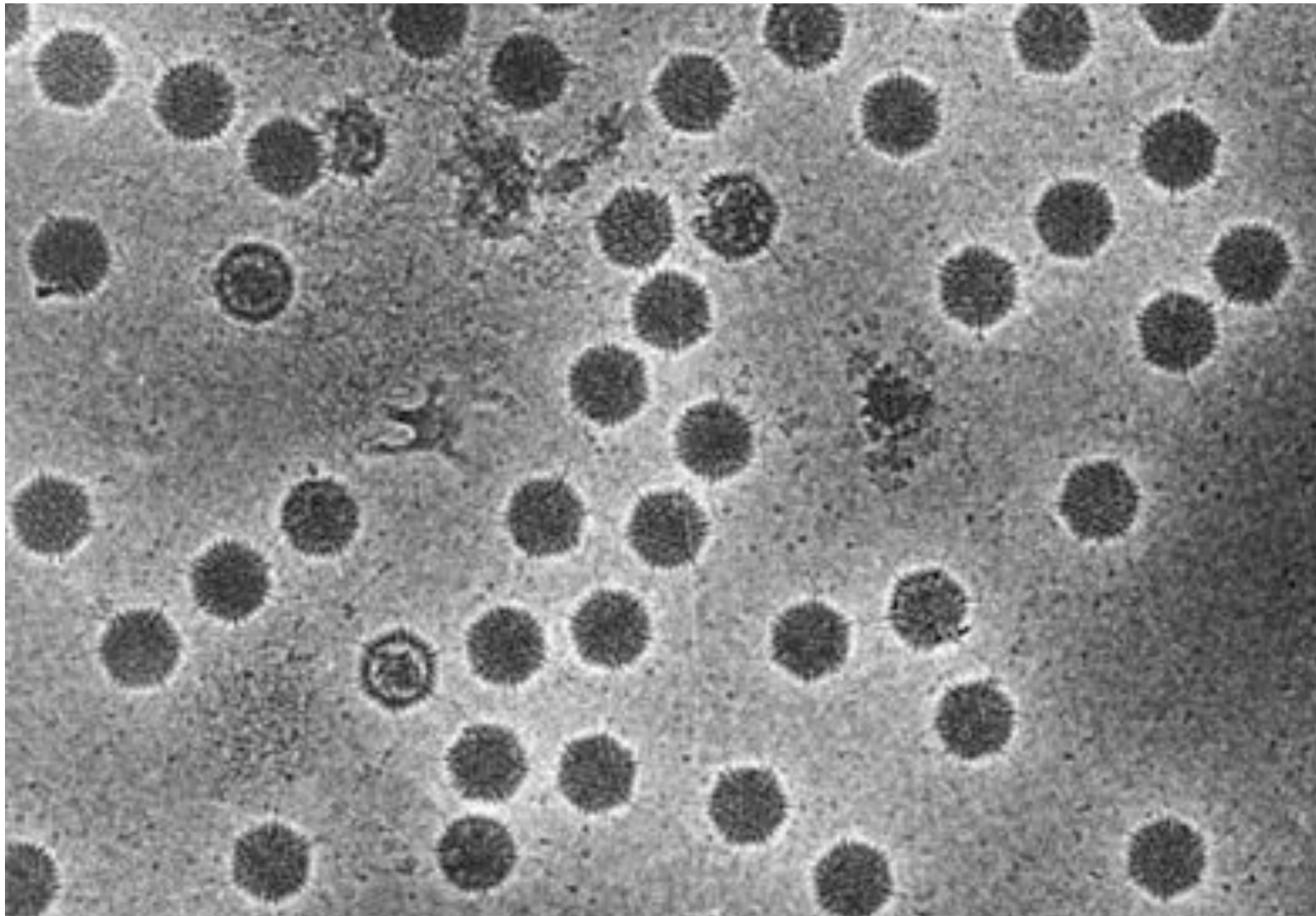
Viruses as Early 3-D EM Targets (1960s)



Review by Crowther, 2004

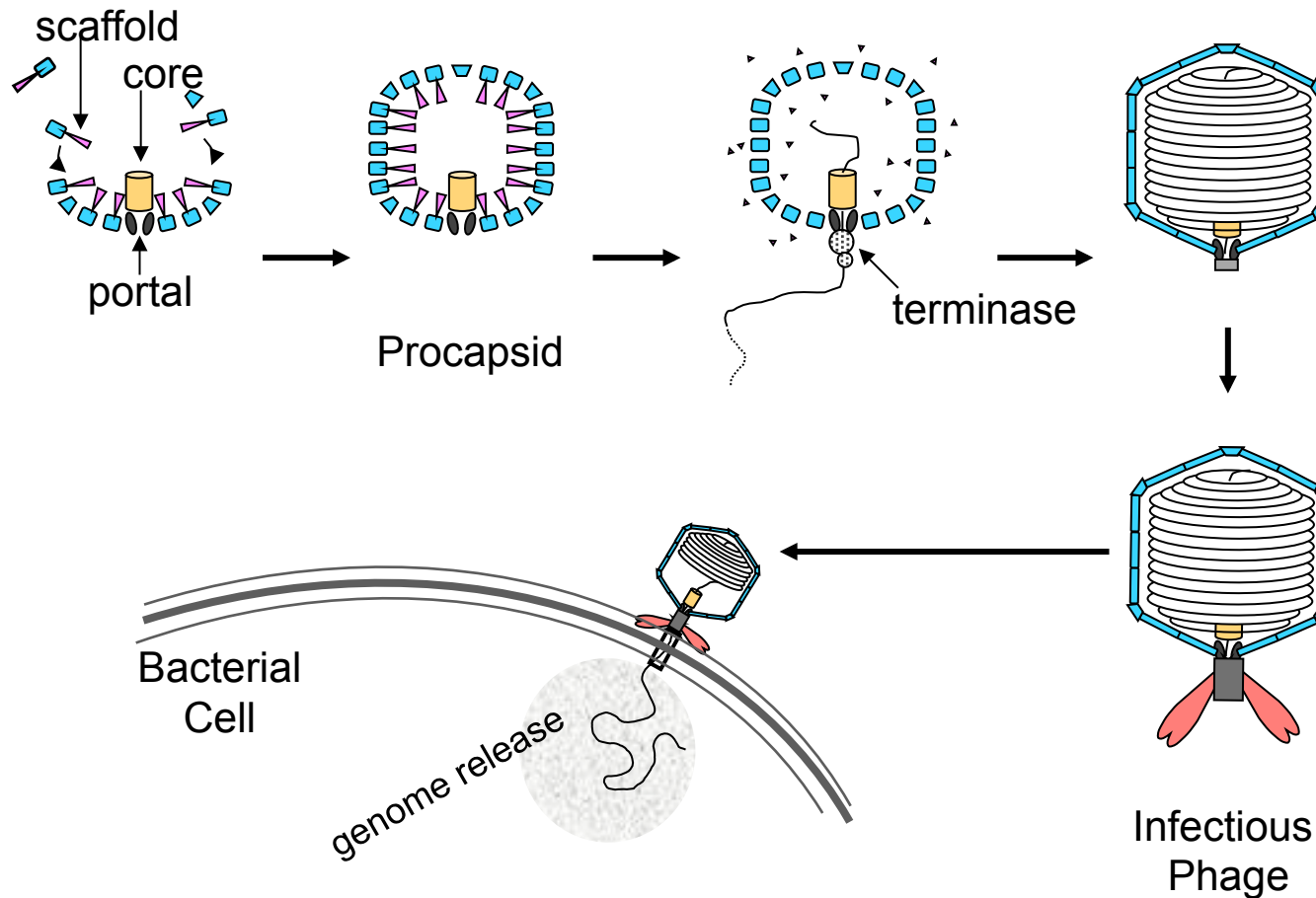
Cryo-EM: Frozen Hydrated Sample

Ice Embedded Adenovirus Virions



Adrian, M. *et al.* (1984). Cryo-electron microscopy of viruses. *Nature* **308**, 32.

Tailed dsDNA Bacteriophages

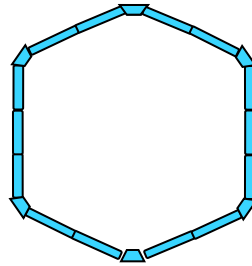
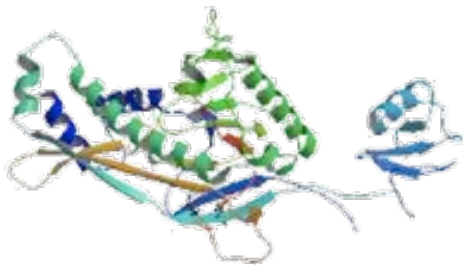


- $\sim 10^{31}$ tailed dsDNA phage particles \rightarrow most abundant life form on Earth and enormous genetic diversity
- Some of the most complex macromolecular machines known
- Host specificity is determined by the tail fibers

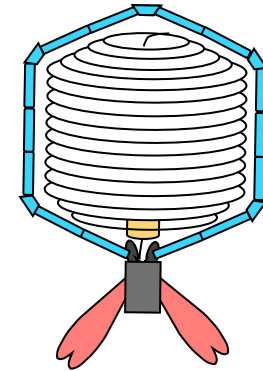
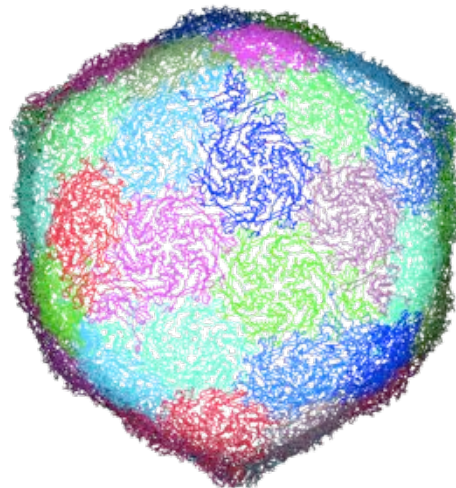
Tailed dsDNA Phage: Atomic Models



T4:
vertex protein
(2005)



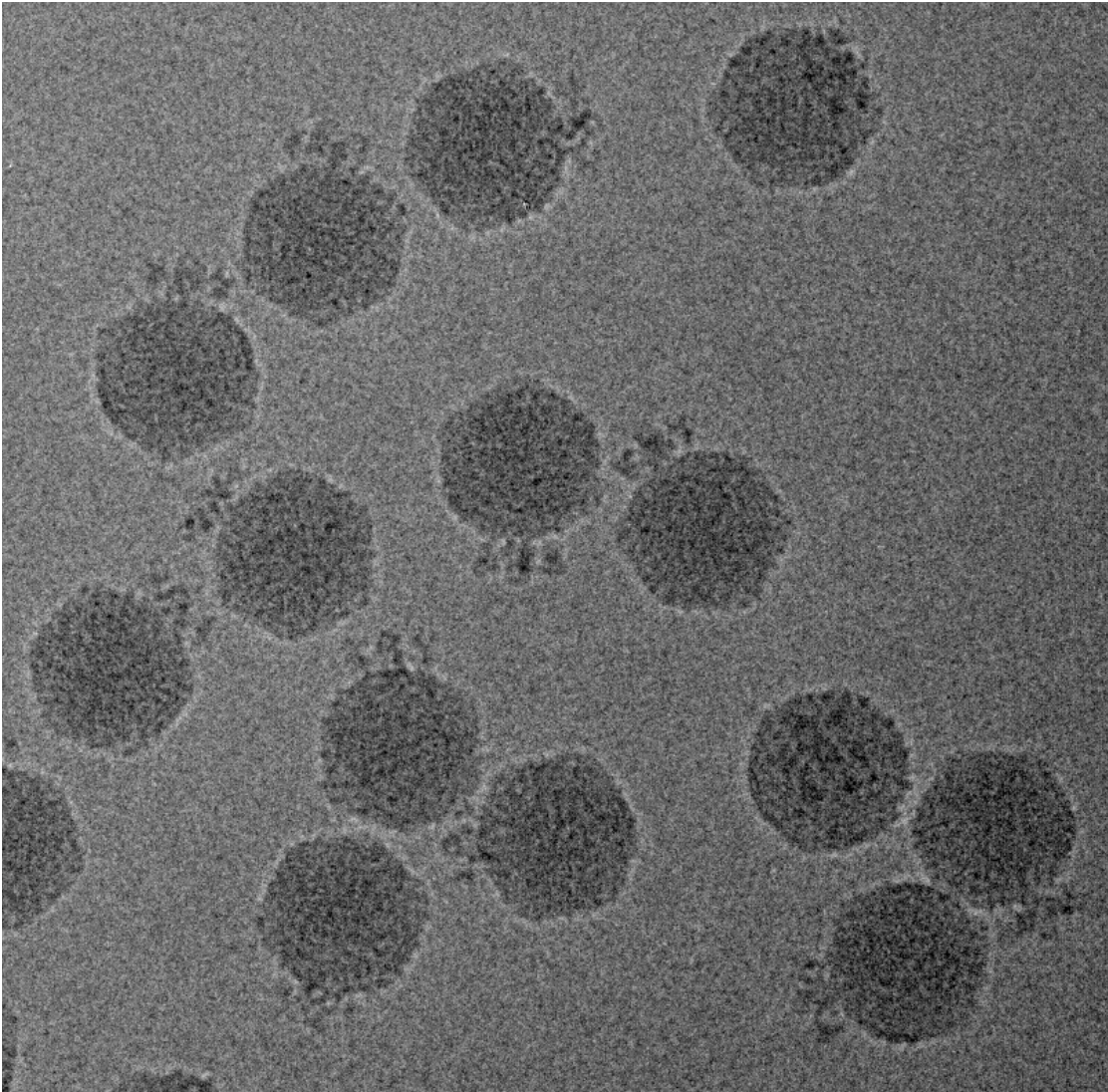
HK97:
recombinant shell
(2000)



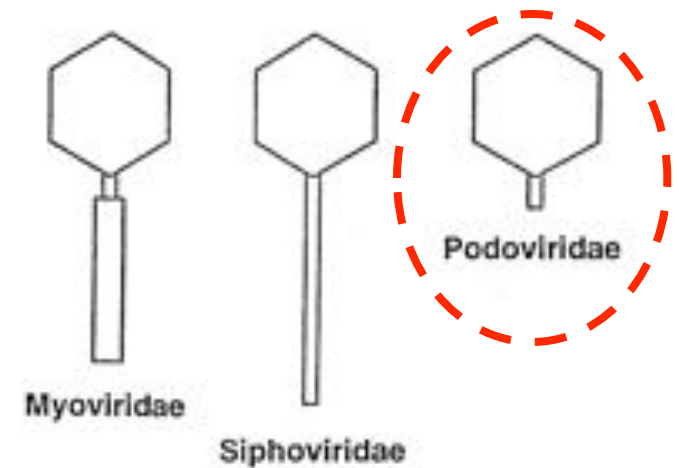
infectious phage



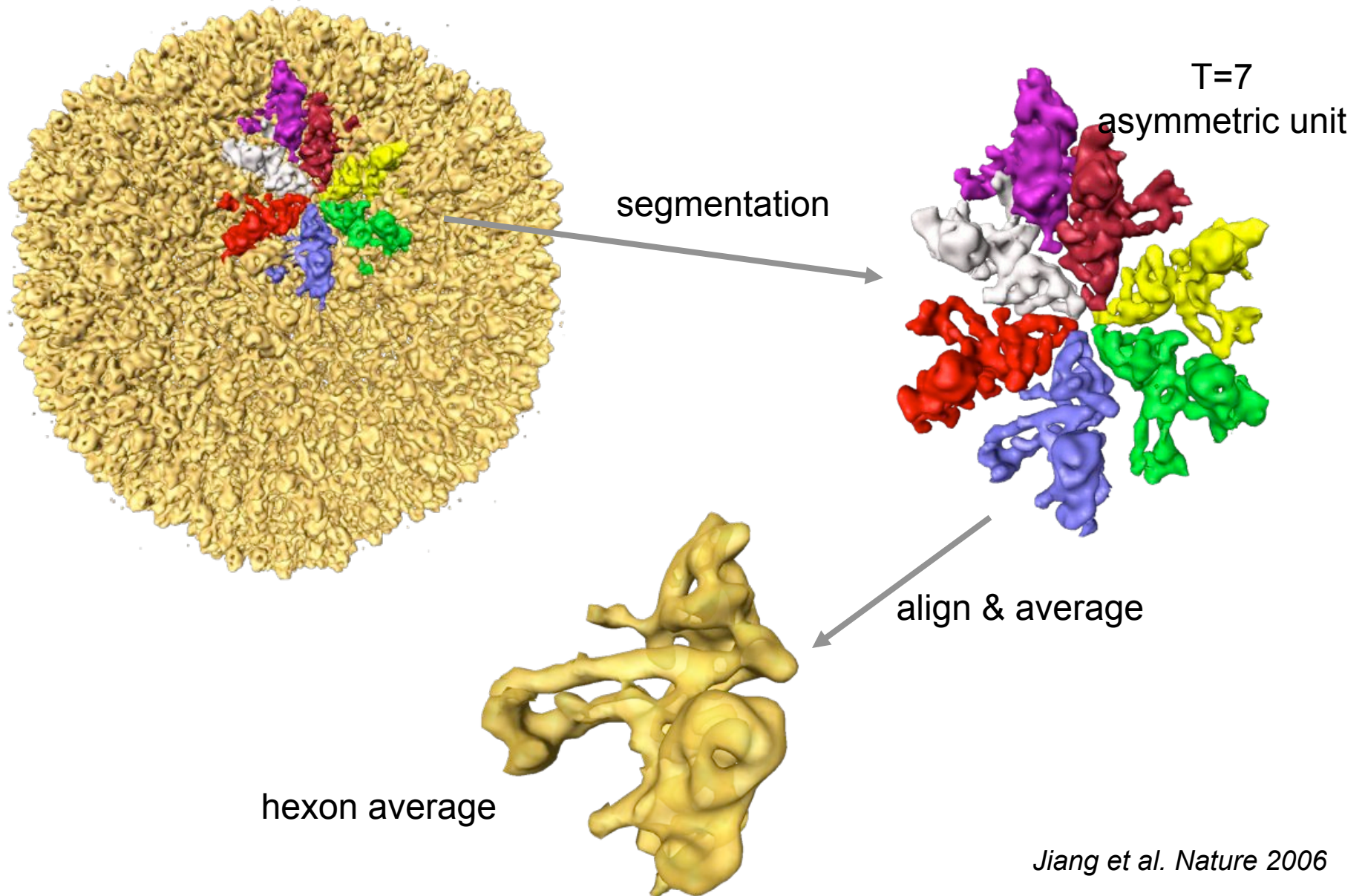
Epsilon15 Phage



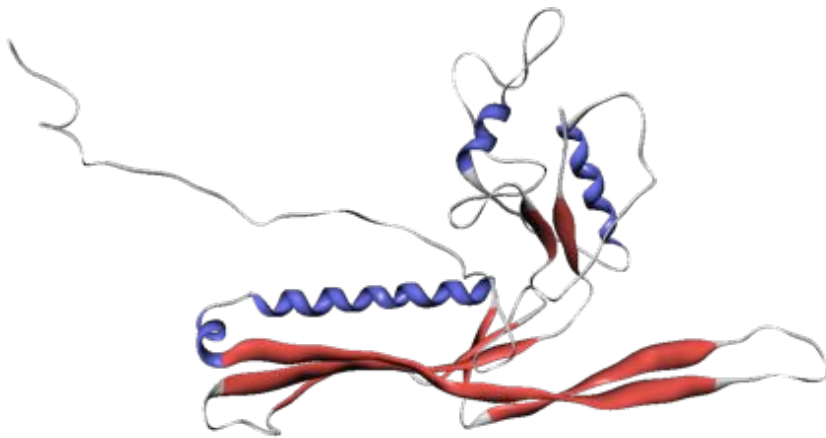
- short tail dsDNA phage (*Podoviridae*)
- infects *Salmonella anatum*
- ~40kb genome
- ~700Å in diameter
- ~20 MDa in mass



Epsilon15: Icosahedral Shell at 9.5 Å

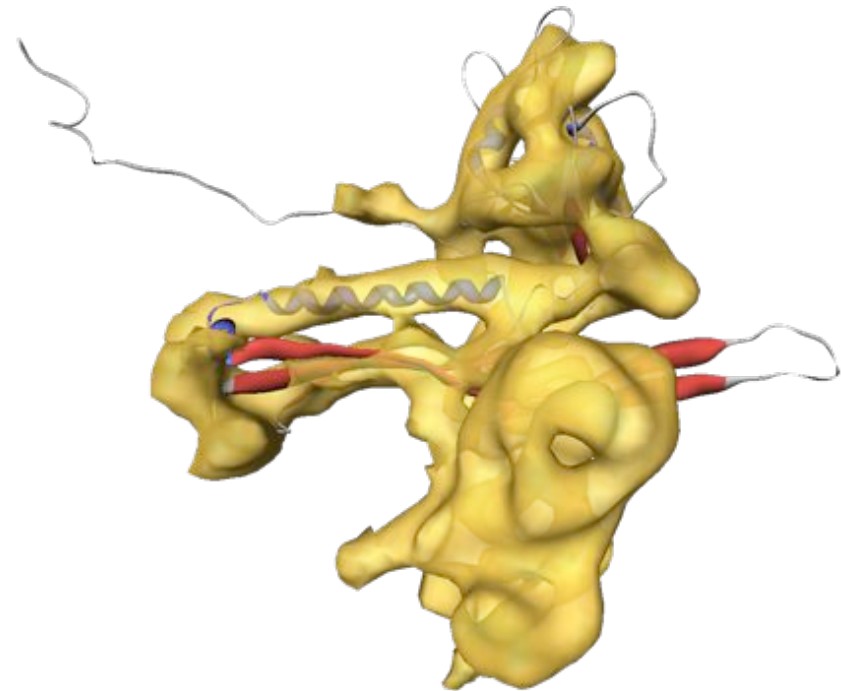


Shell Proteins of Epsilon15 Phage and HK97 Phage Have Common Fold



HK97

(Wikoff et al. Science 2000)



Epsilon15

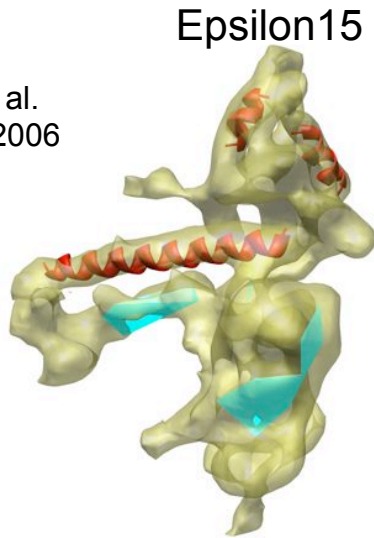
(Jiang et al. Nature 2006)

Common Shell Protein Fold for Tailed dsDNA Phages and Herpesvirus

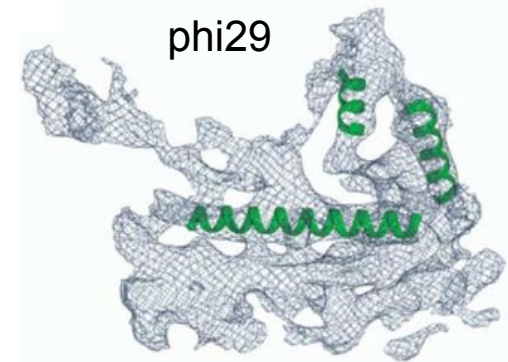
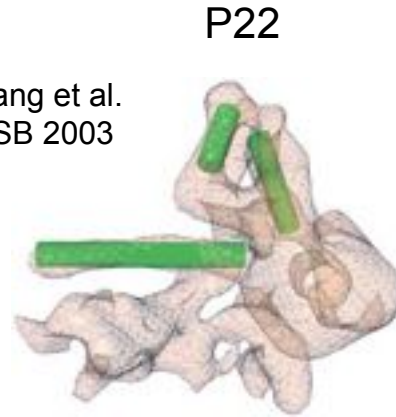


Podoviridae

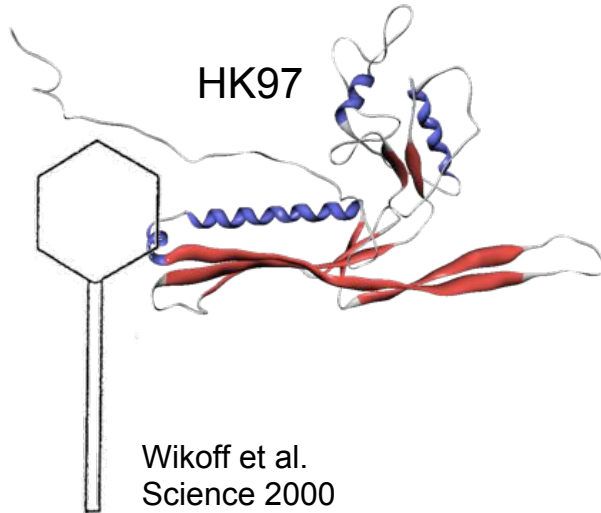
Jiang et al.
Nature 2006



Jiang et al.
NSB 2003

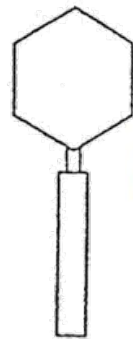


Morais et al. Mol. Cell
2005



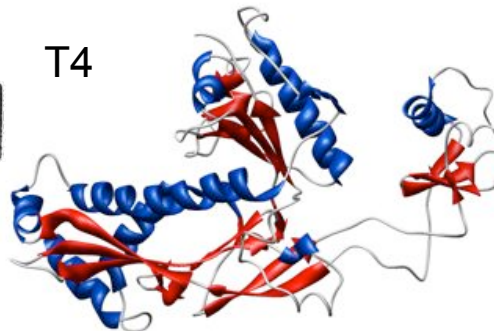
Wikoff et al.
Science 2000

Siphoviridae

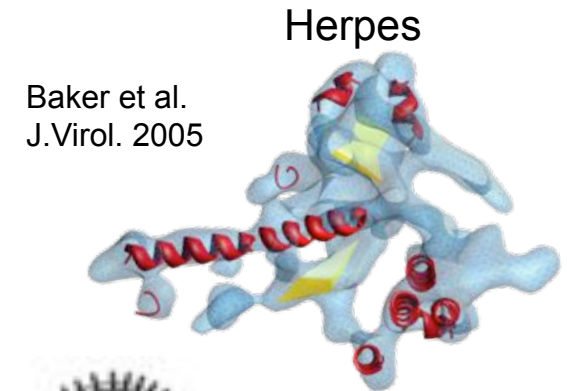


Myoviridae

T4



Fokine et al.
PNAS 2005

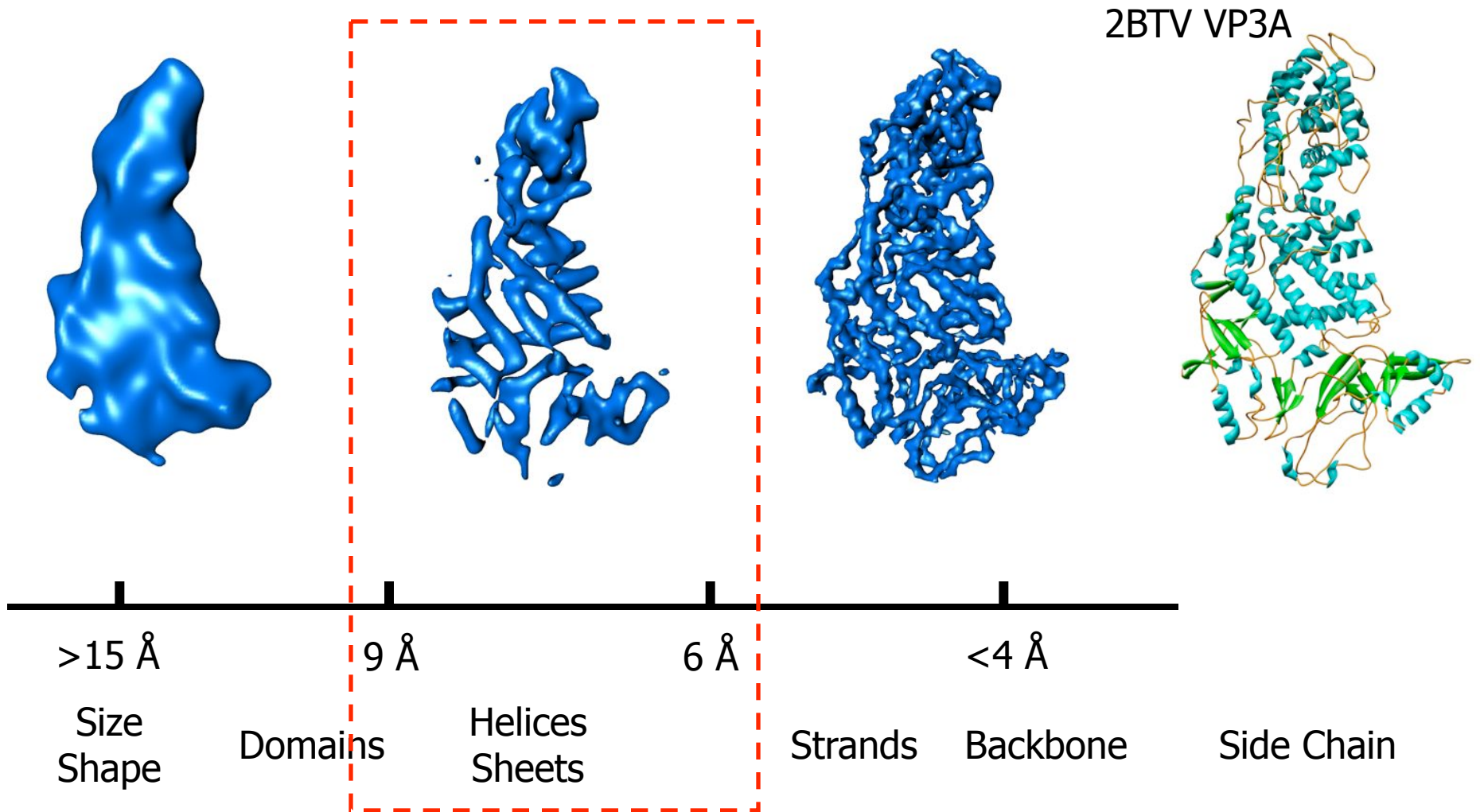


Baker et al.
J.Virol. 2005

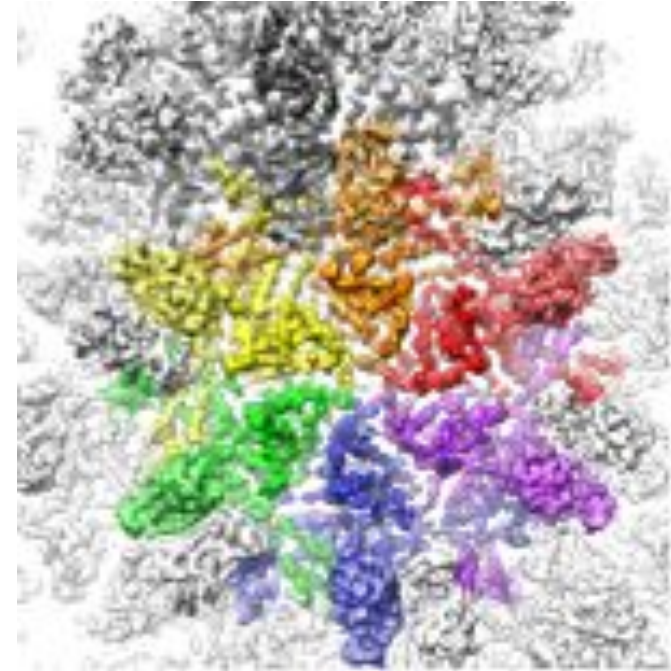
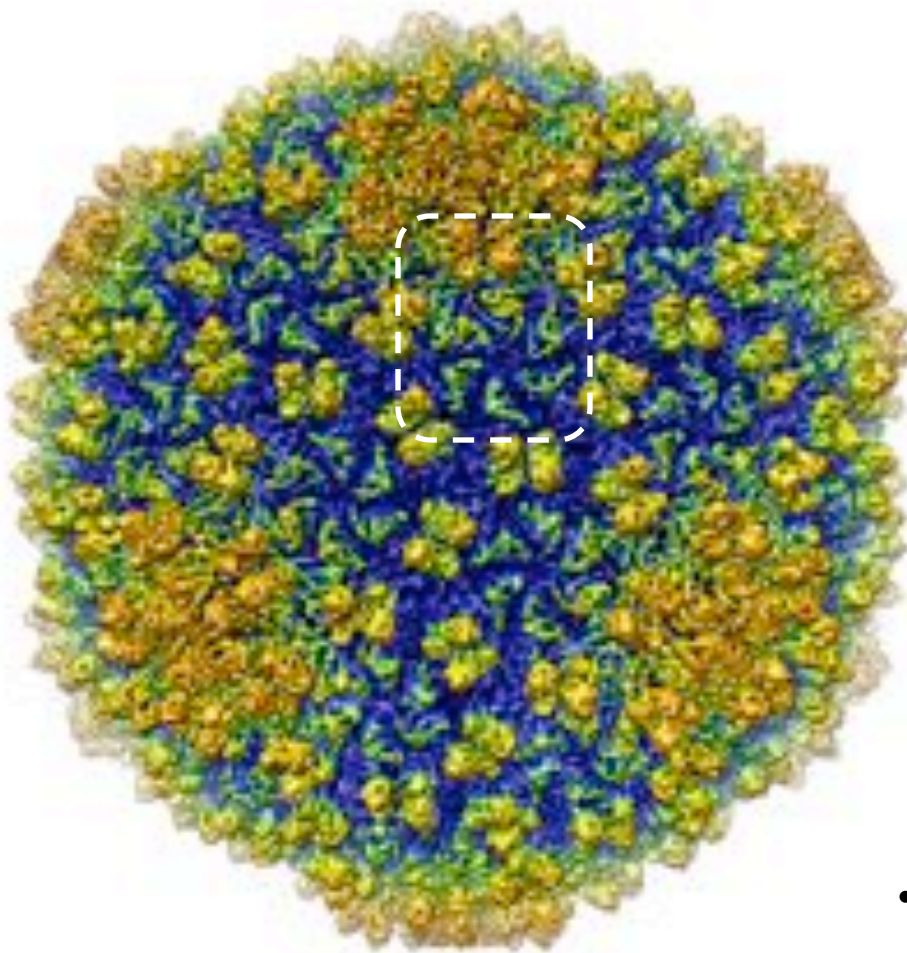


Herpesviridae

Towards Near-Atomic Resolution



4.5Å Icosahedral Structure of Epsilon15

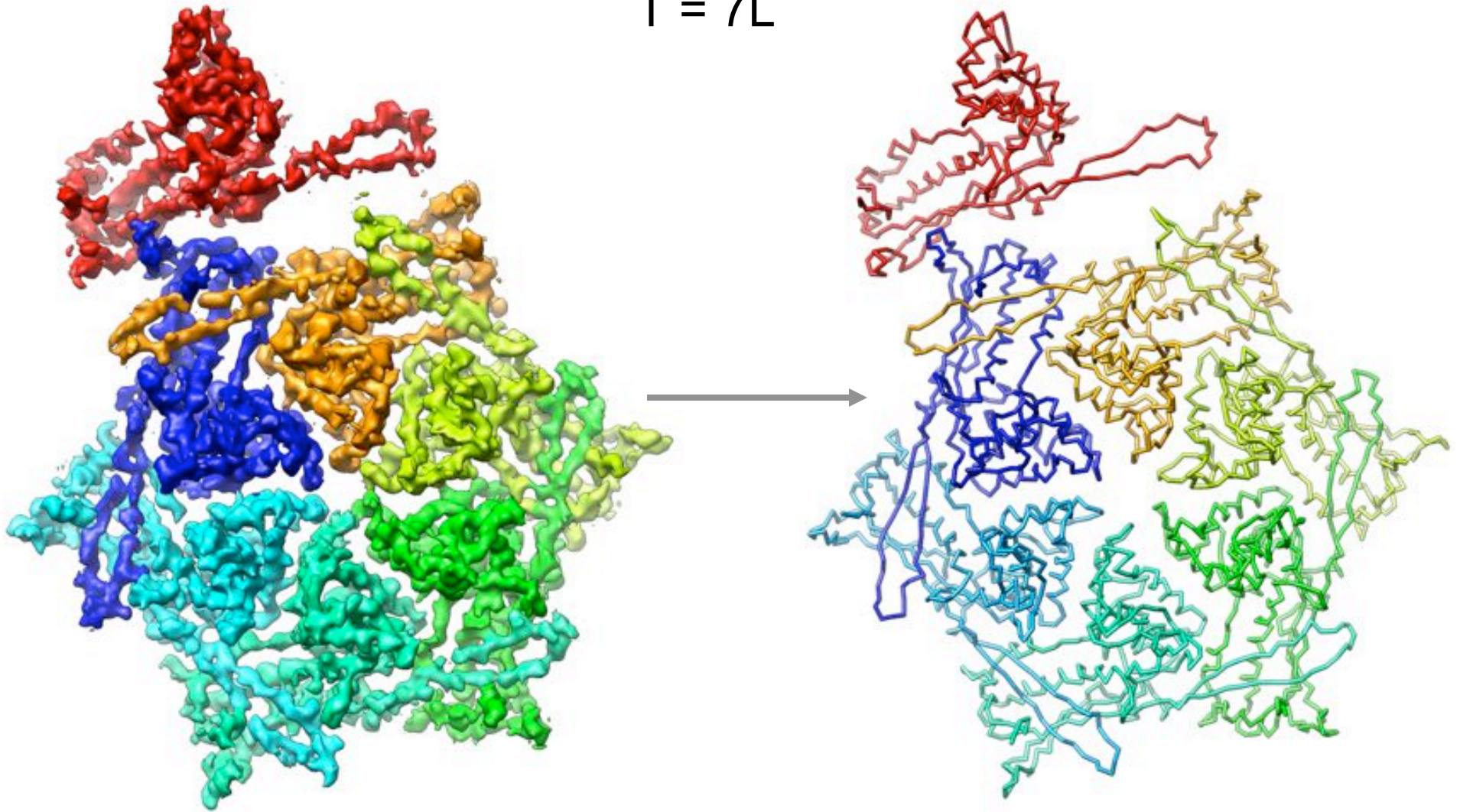


- Liquid Helium microscope
- Large dataset (~3000 micrograph)
- Image processing (EMAN)
- Large scale computation (million hours)

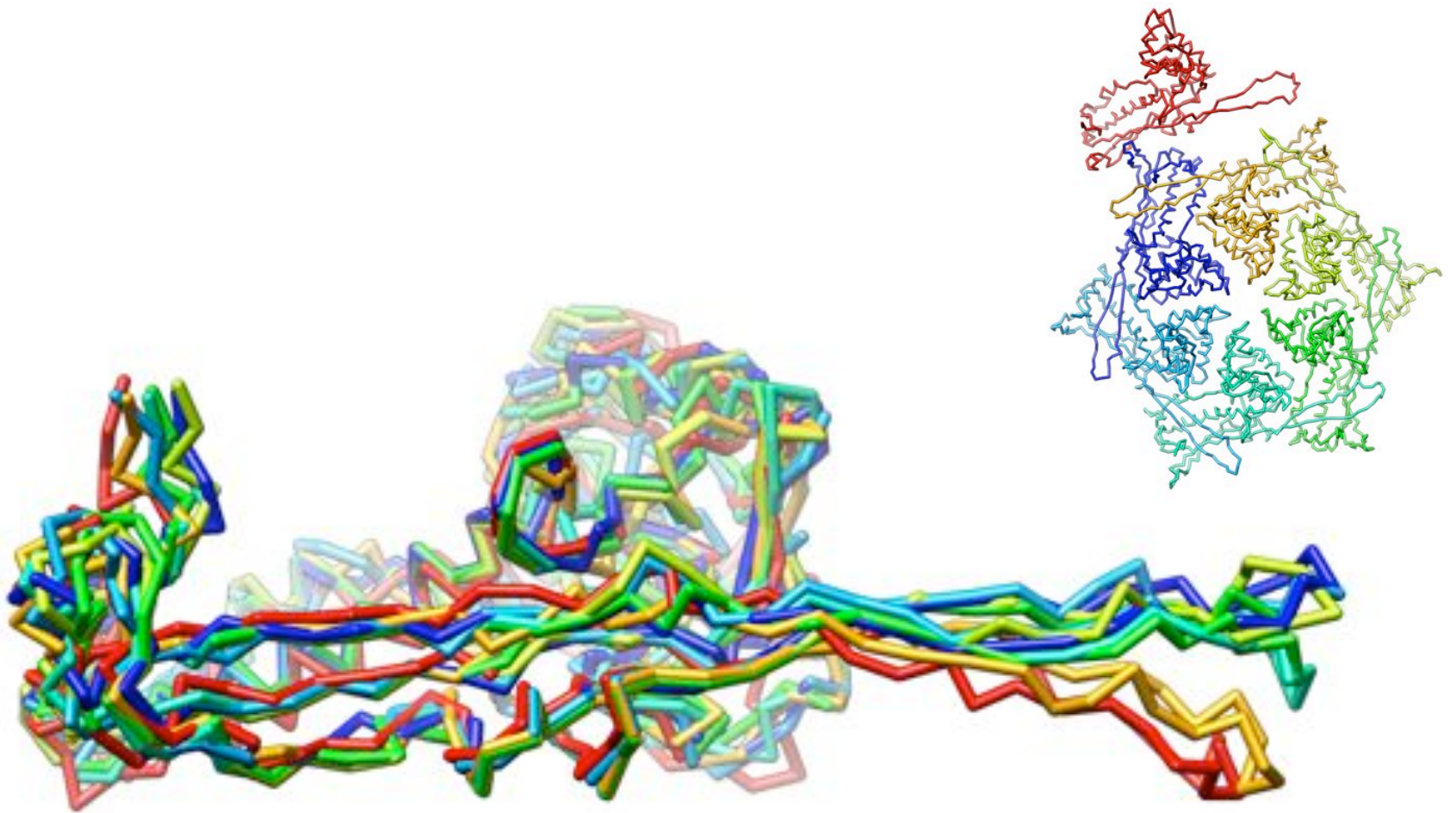
Jiang et al. Nature 2008

$C\alpha$ Model of Epsilon15: Asymmetric Unit

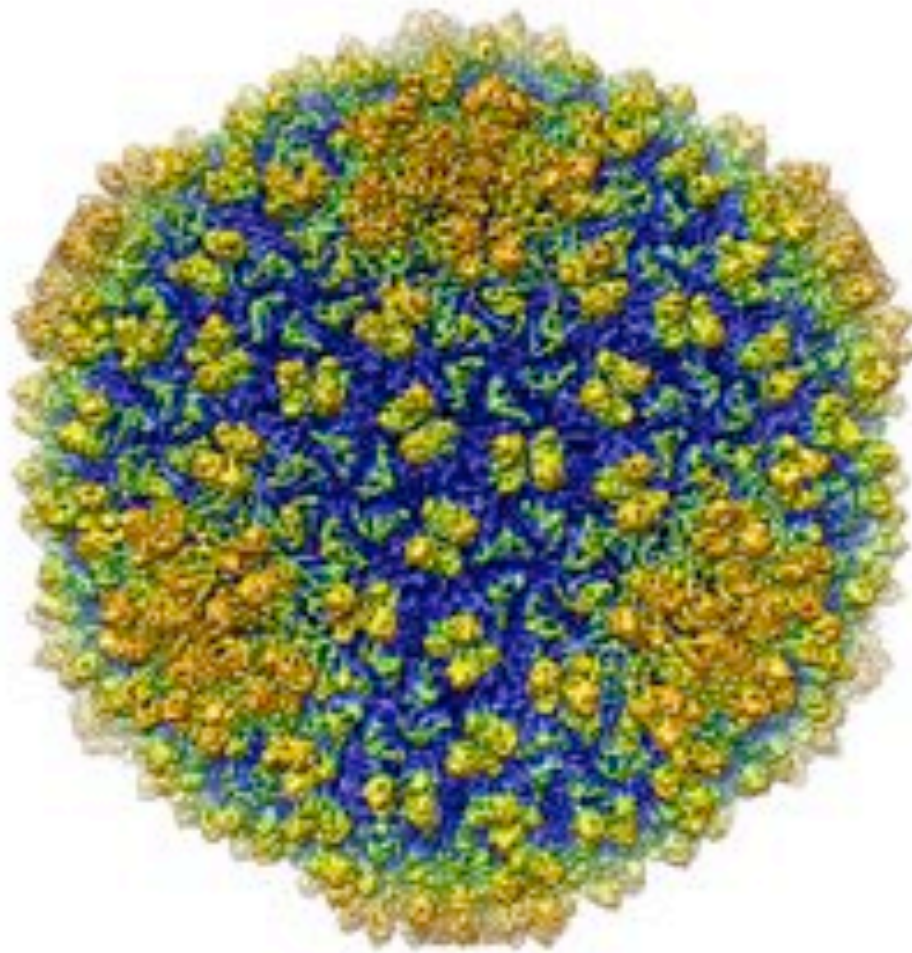
T = 7L



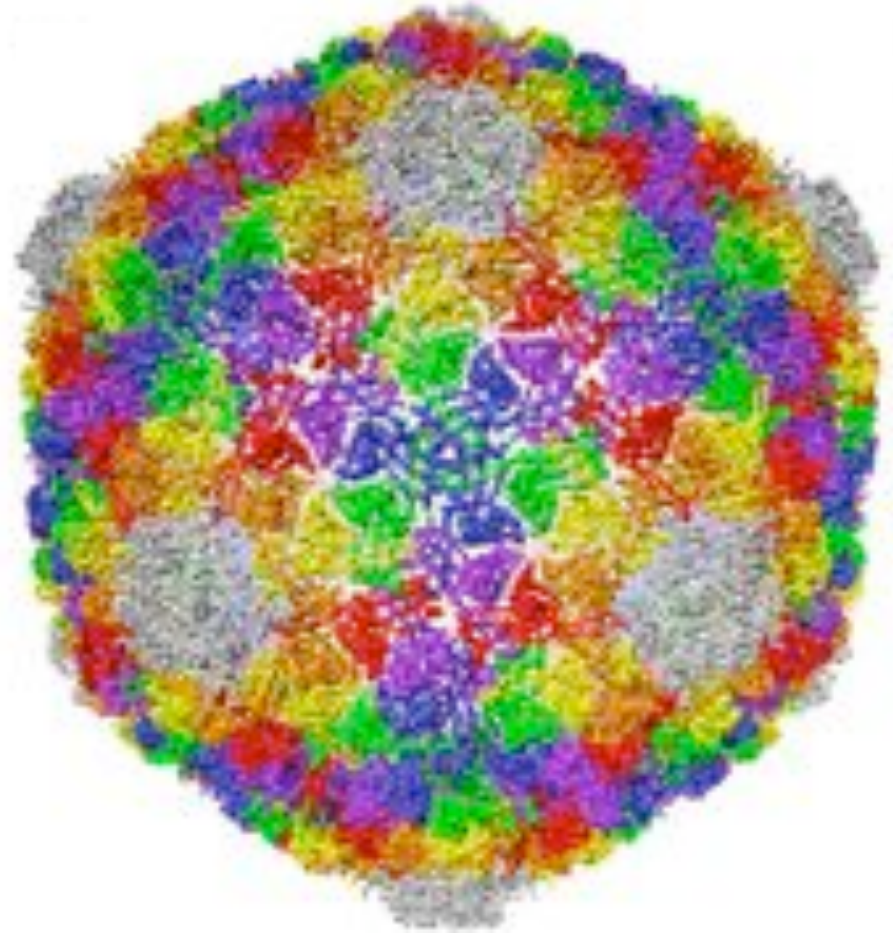
GP7: Conformation Variance



Capsid Model of Epsilon15

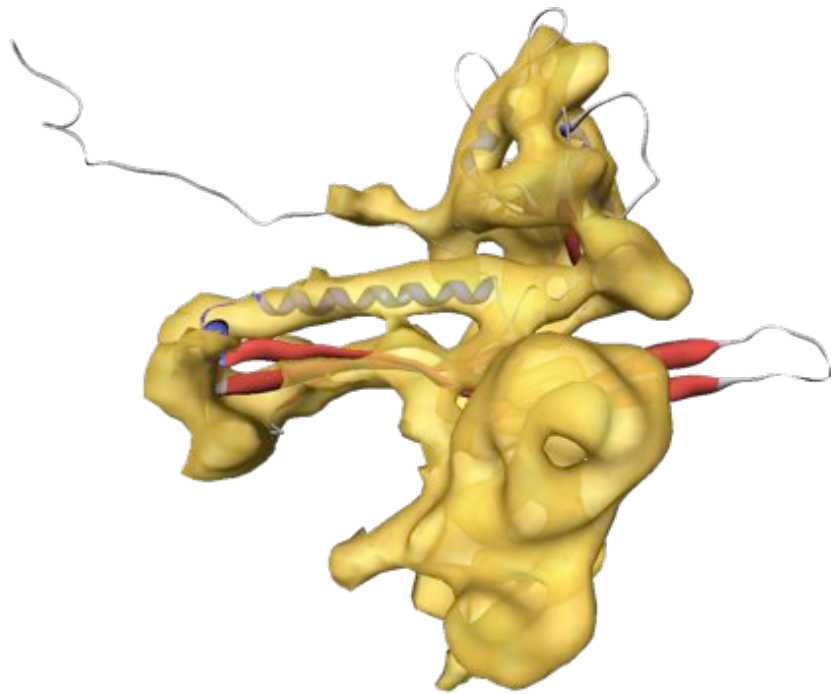


Density Map



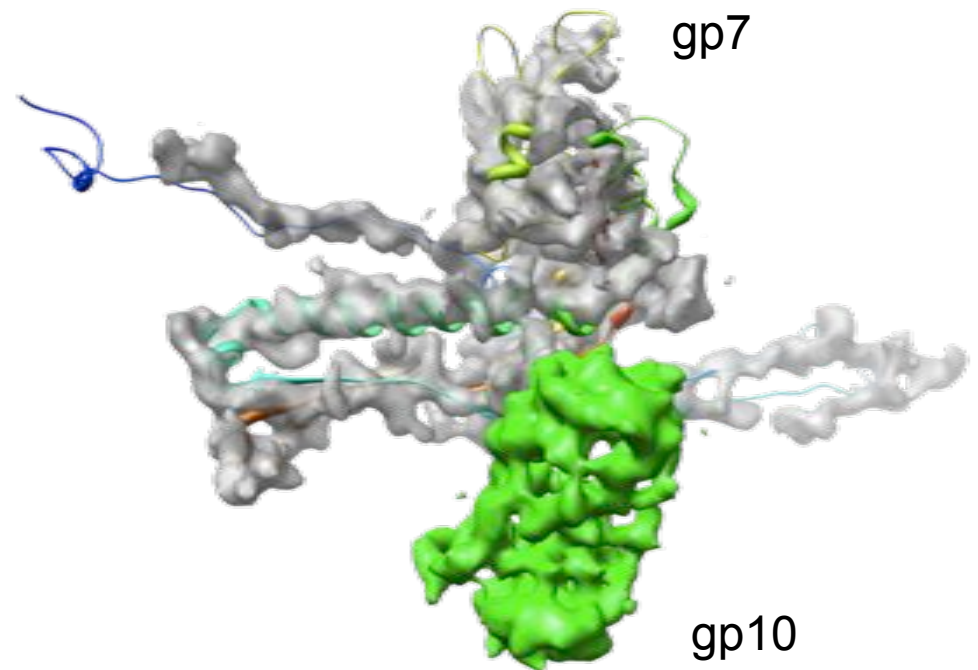
gp7 Model

9.5Å



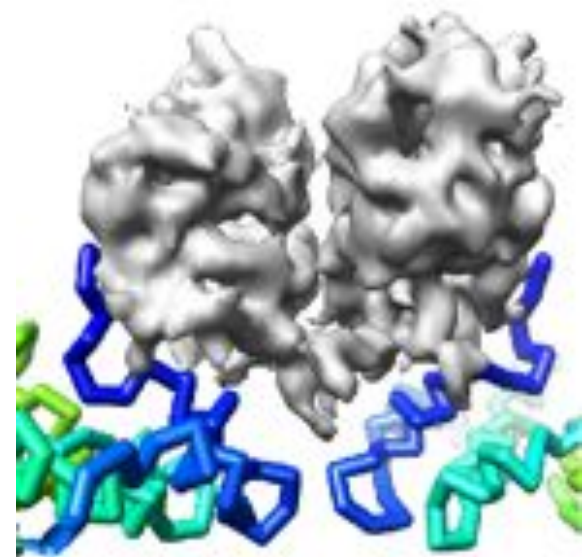
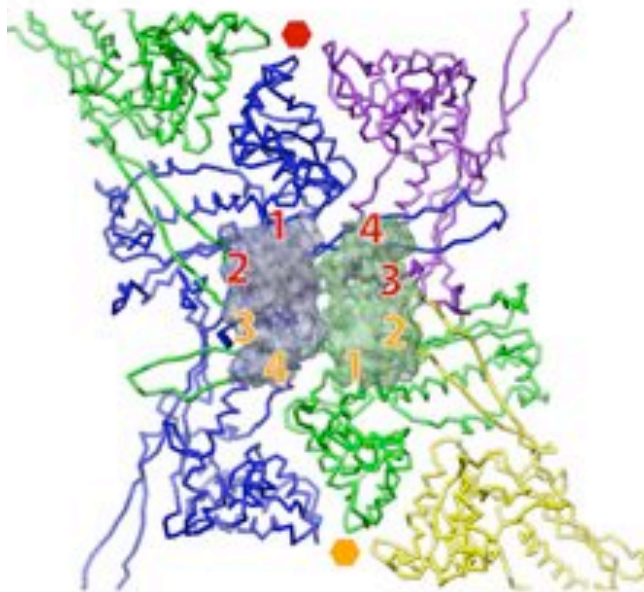
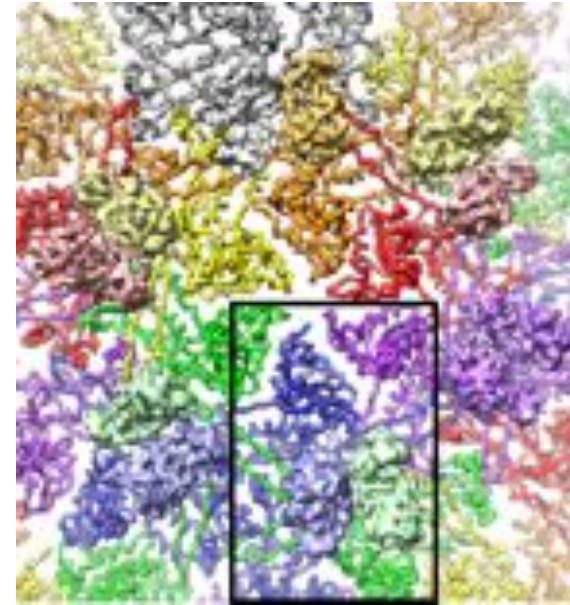
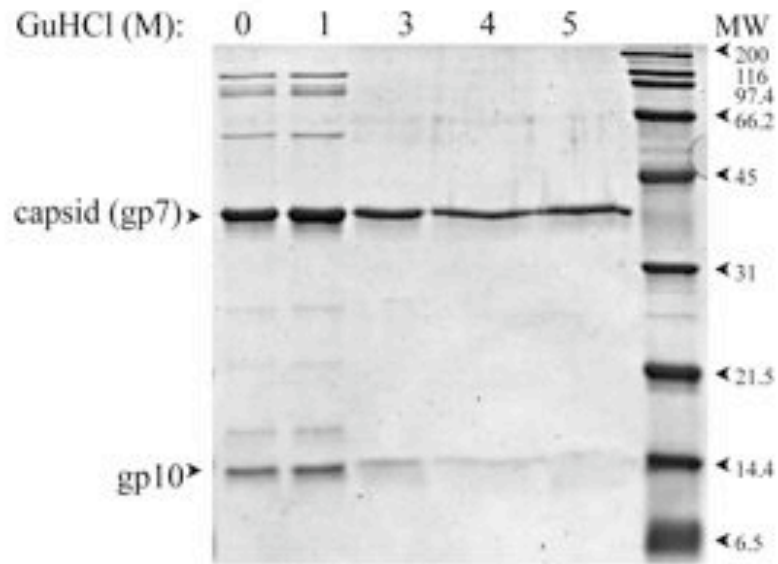
2006
(Jiang et al. Nature)

4.5Å



2008
(Jiang et al. Nature)

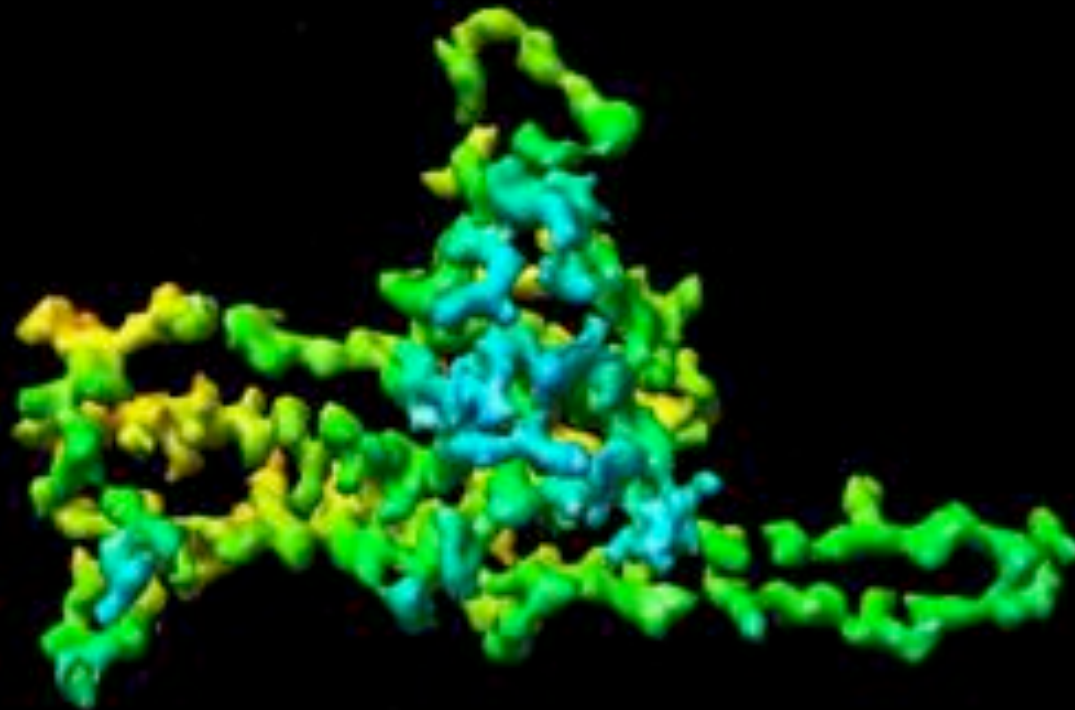
gp10: a molecular staple



gp10

gp7

3.7 Å map: gp7



Near-atomic Resolution 3-D Reconstruction

Tasks	Requirements/Methods
Sample	Stable, homogeneous
Imaging	Good microscope (LHe or LN ₂ ?)
Image processing	Accurate alignment (orientation, center, defocus)
Computing	Cluster, Condor, Grid

High Resolution Images

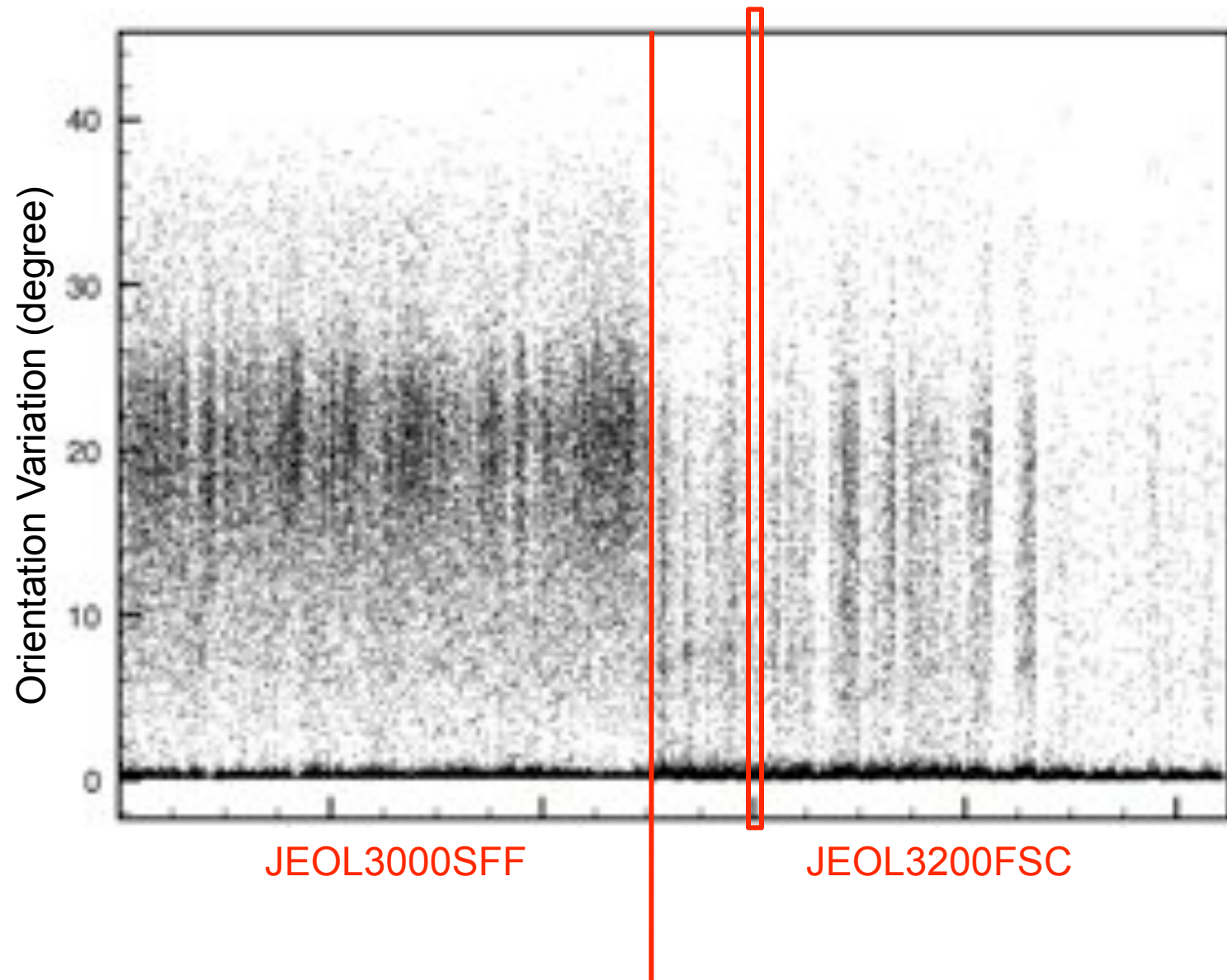


JEOL3000SFF: 300 kV, Helium
~3000 micrographs, 60k mag
1 exposure, on film, Nikon scanner,

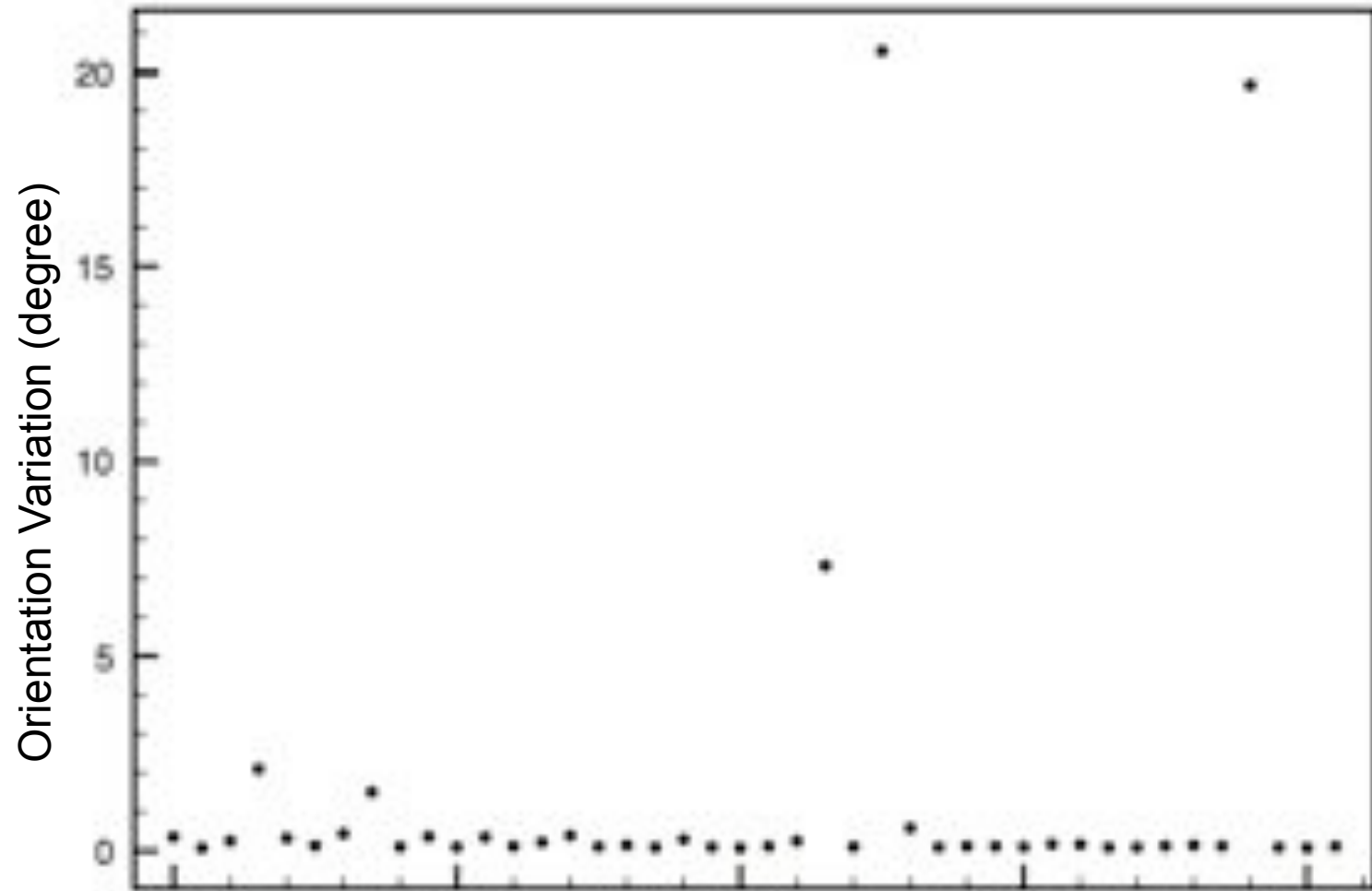


JEOL3200FSC: 300 kV, N₂, Energy filter
~1500 micrographs, 50k mag
1 exposure, on film, Nikon scanner

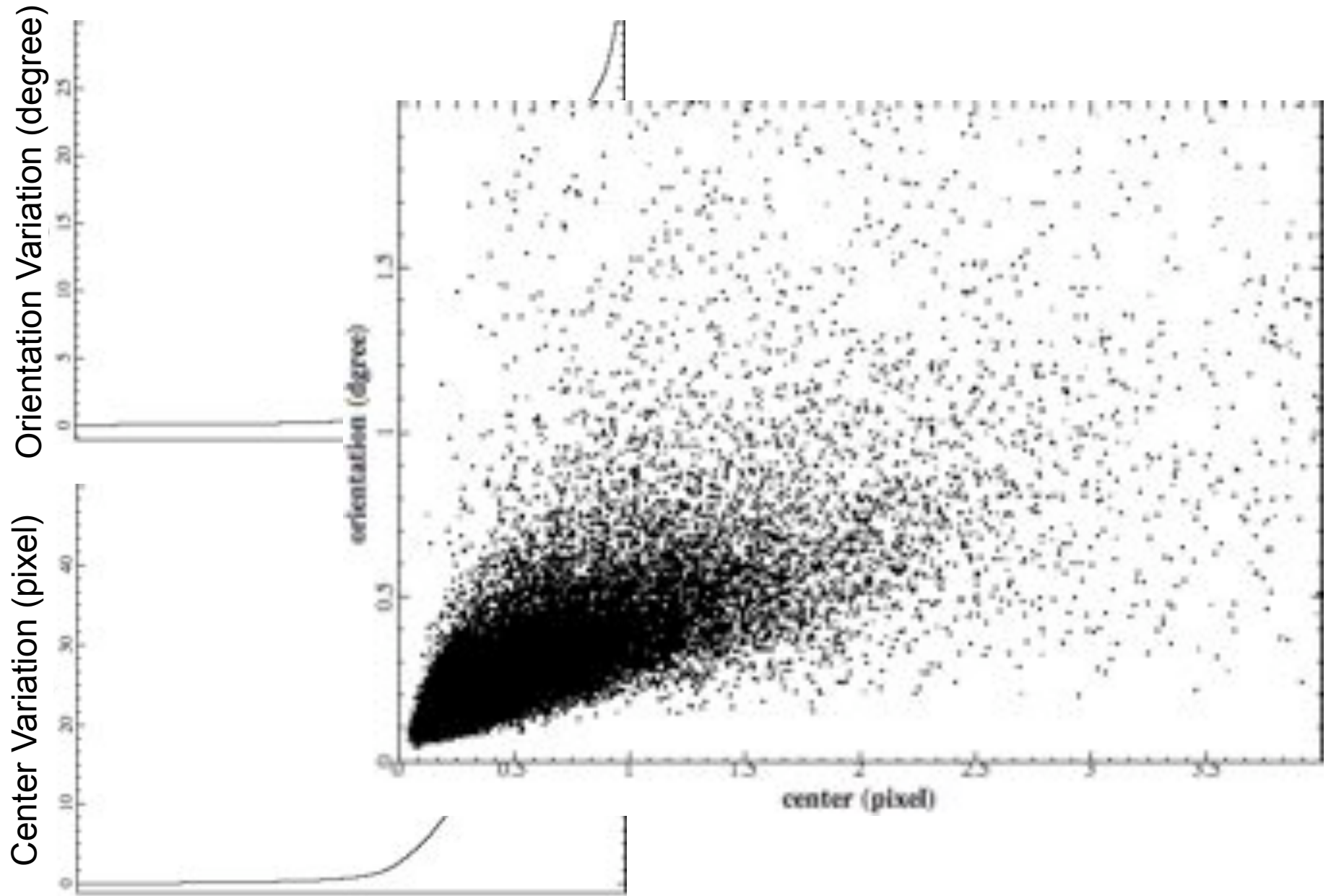
2-D Alignment



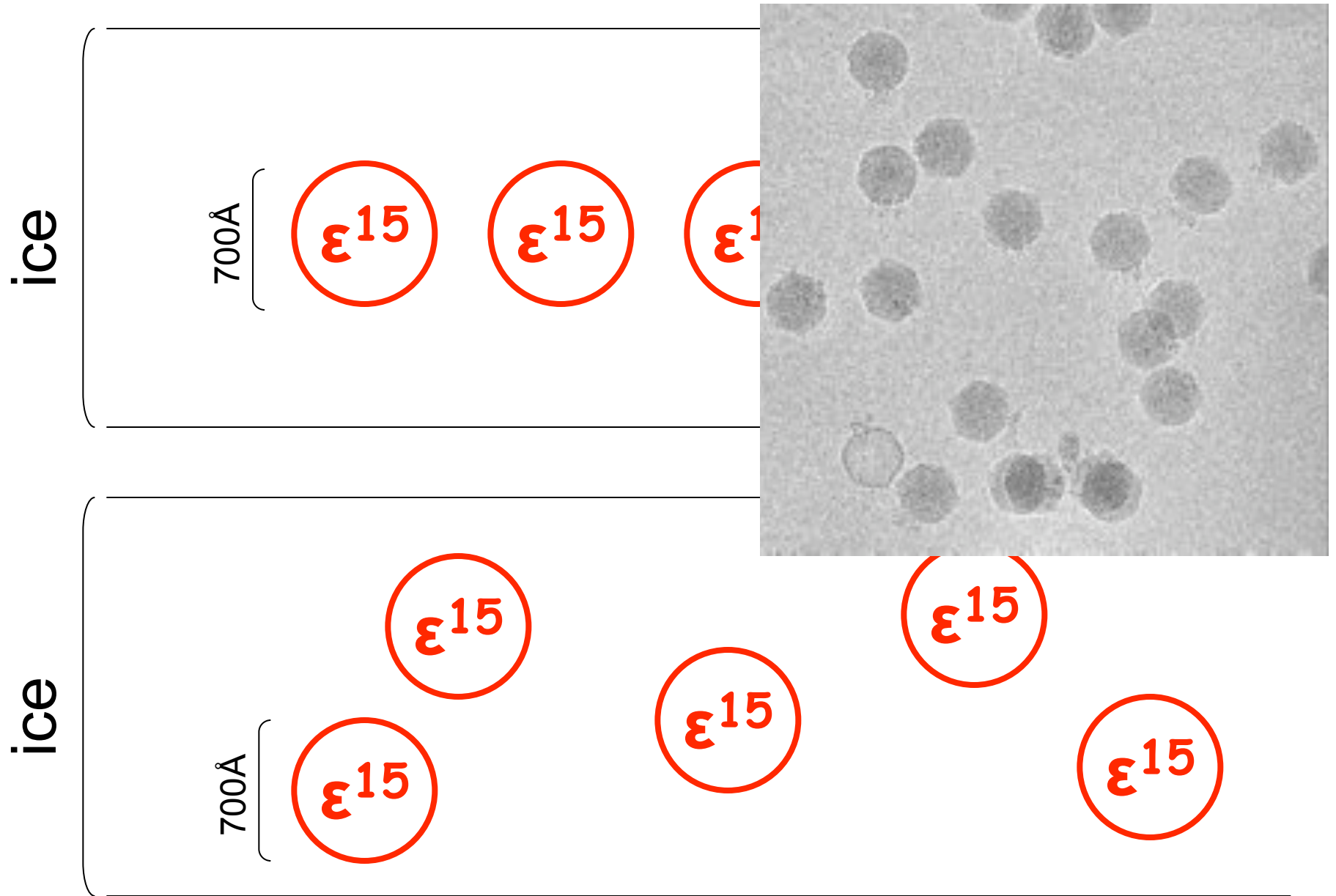
2-D Alignment



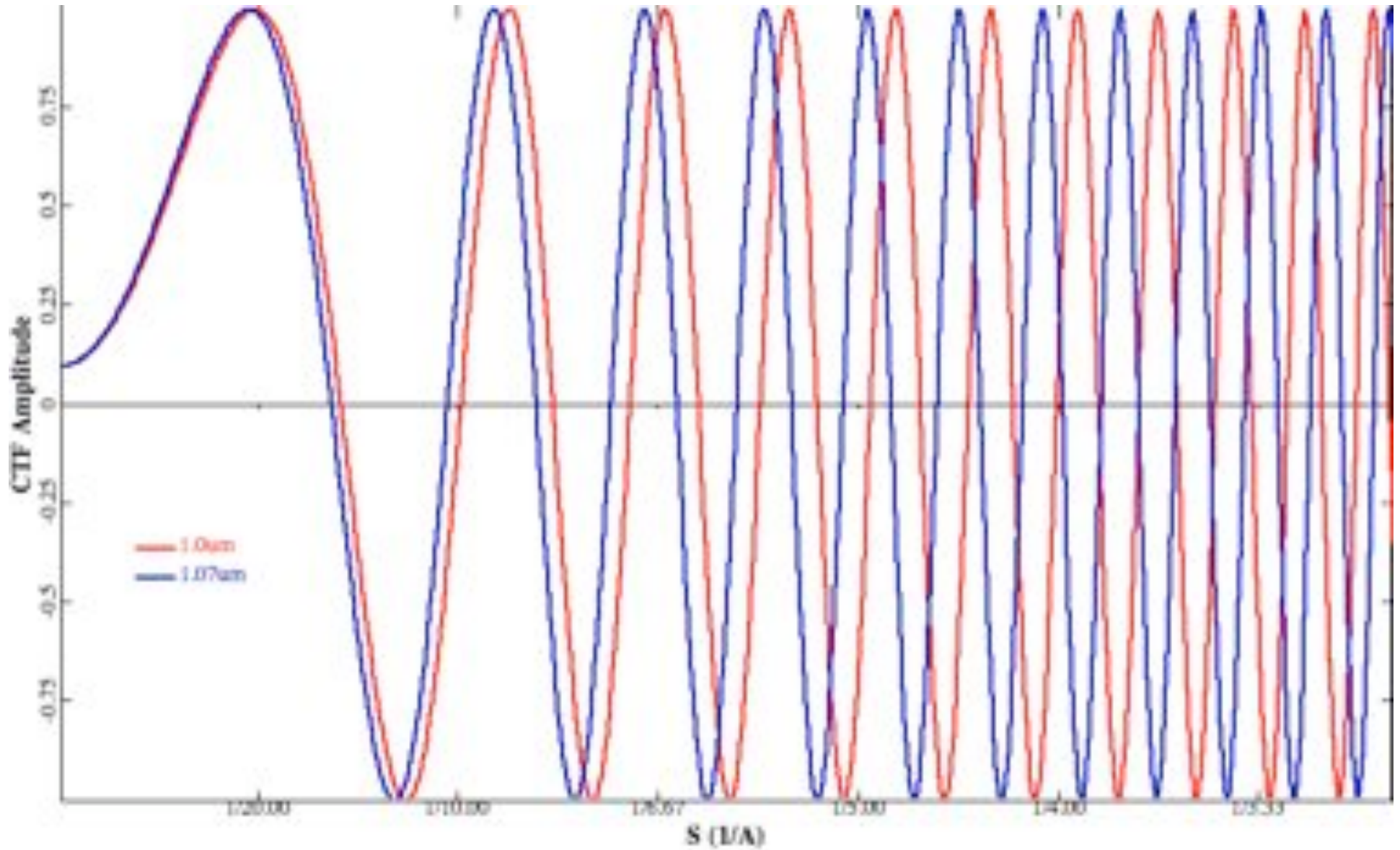
2-D Alignment



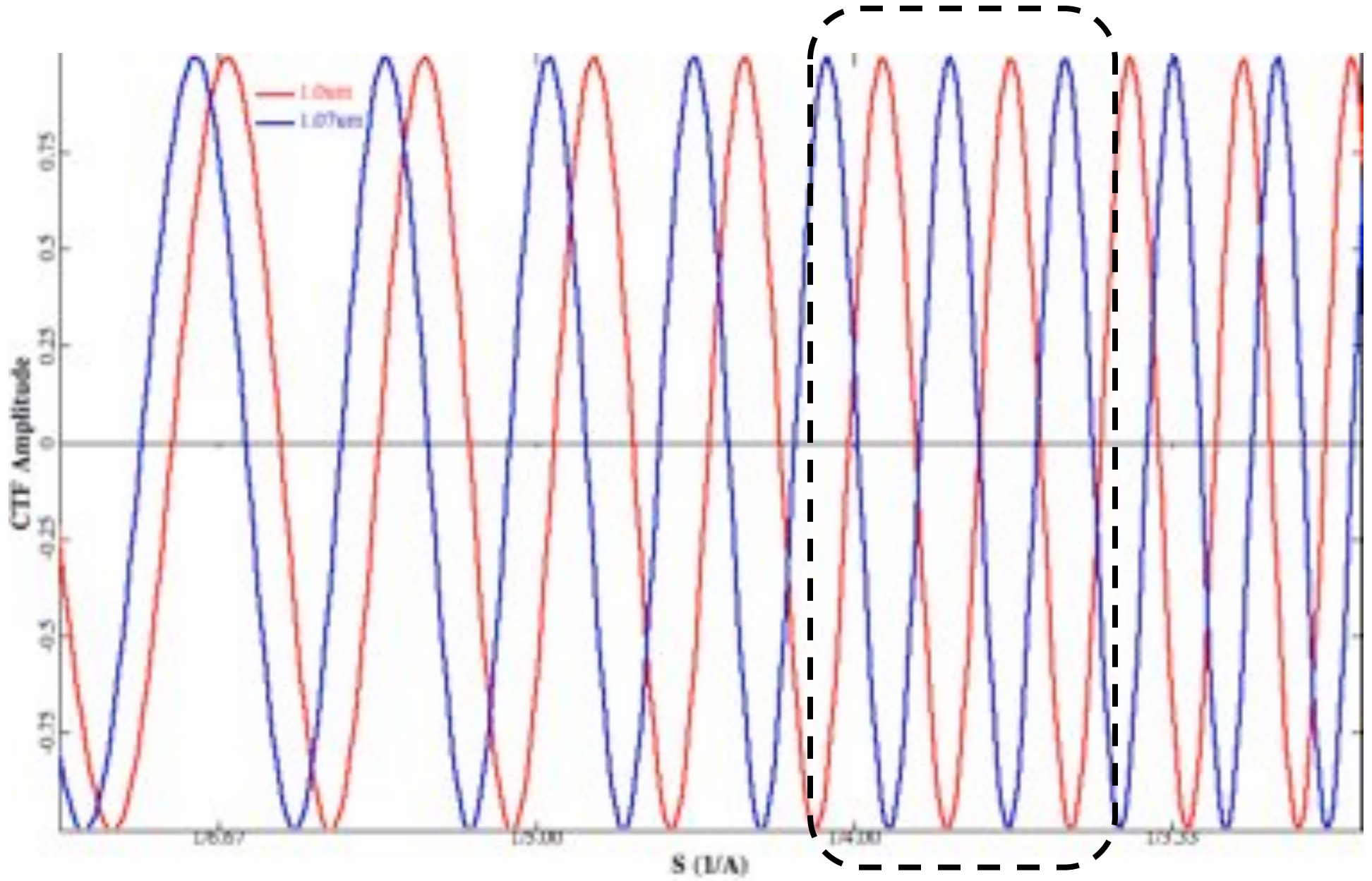
Focus Variation



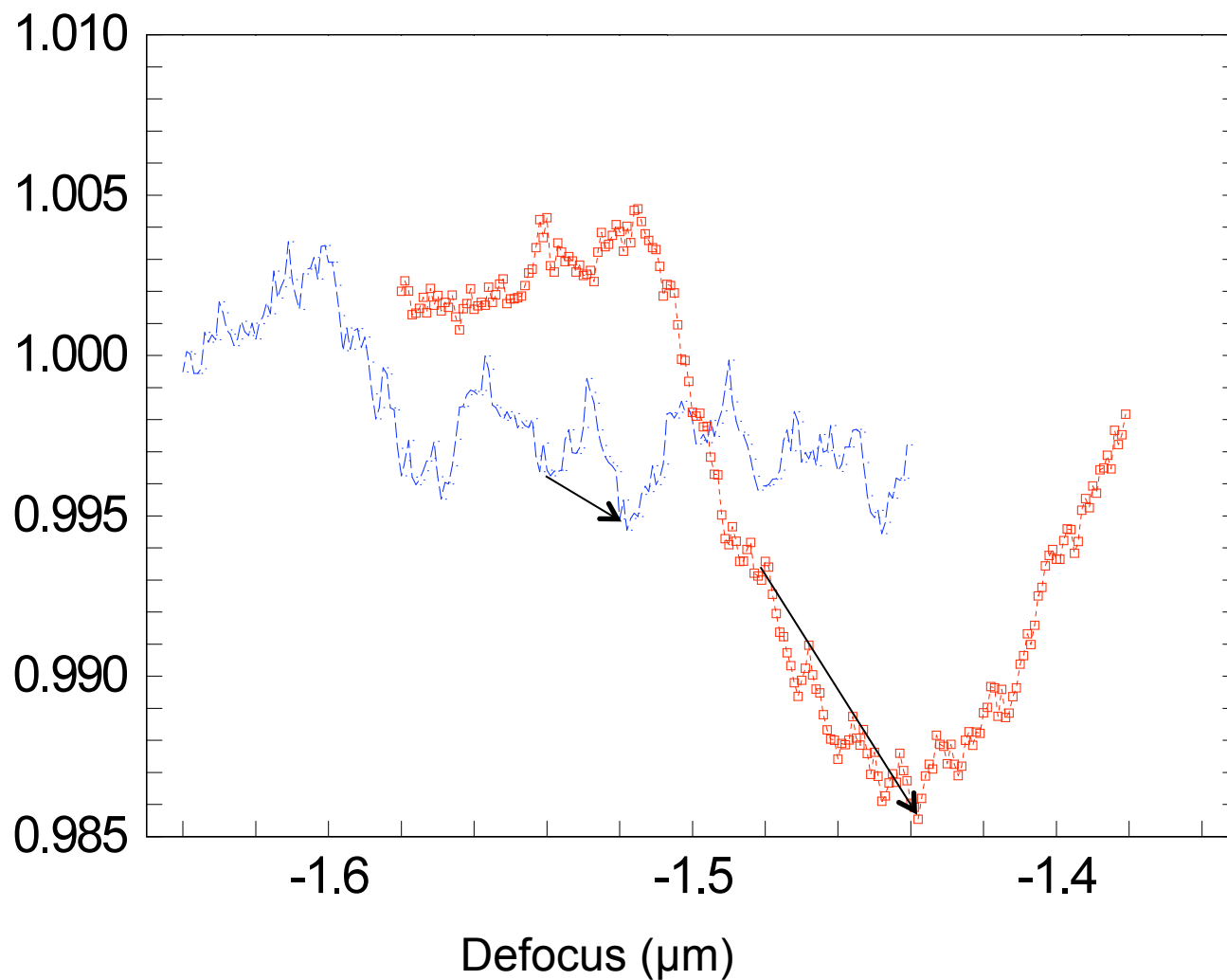
Focus Variation



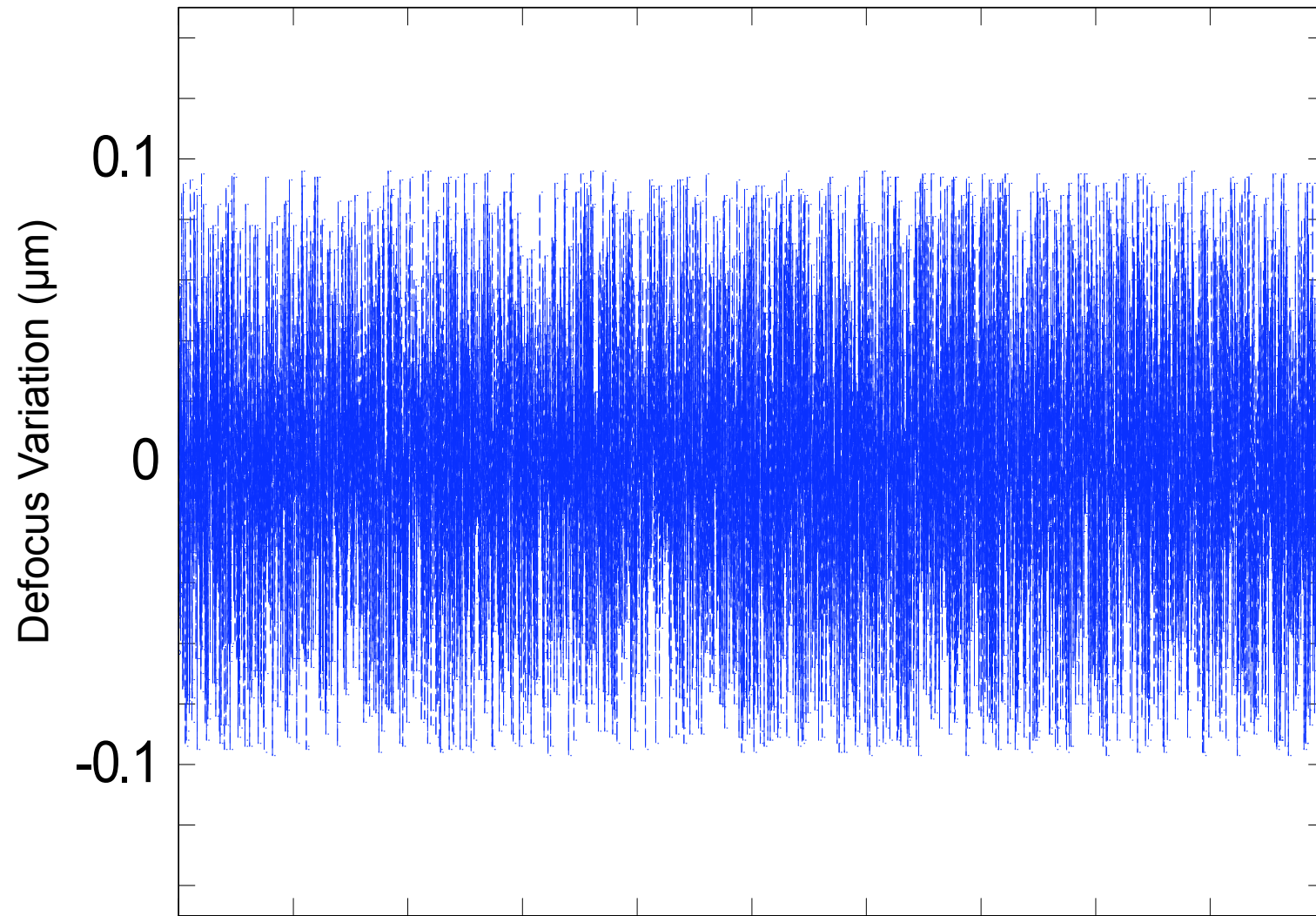
Focus Variation



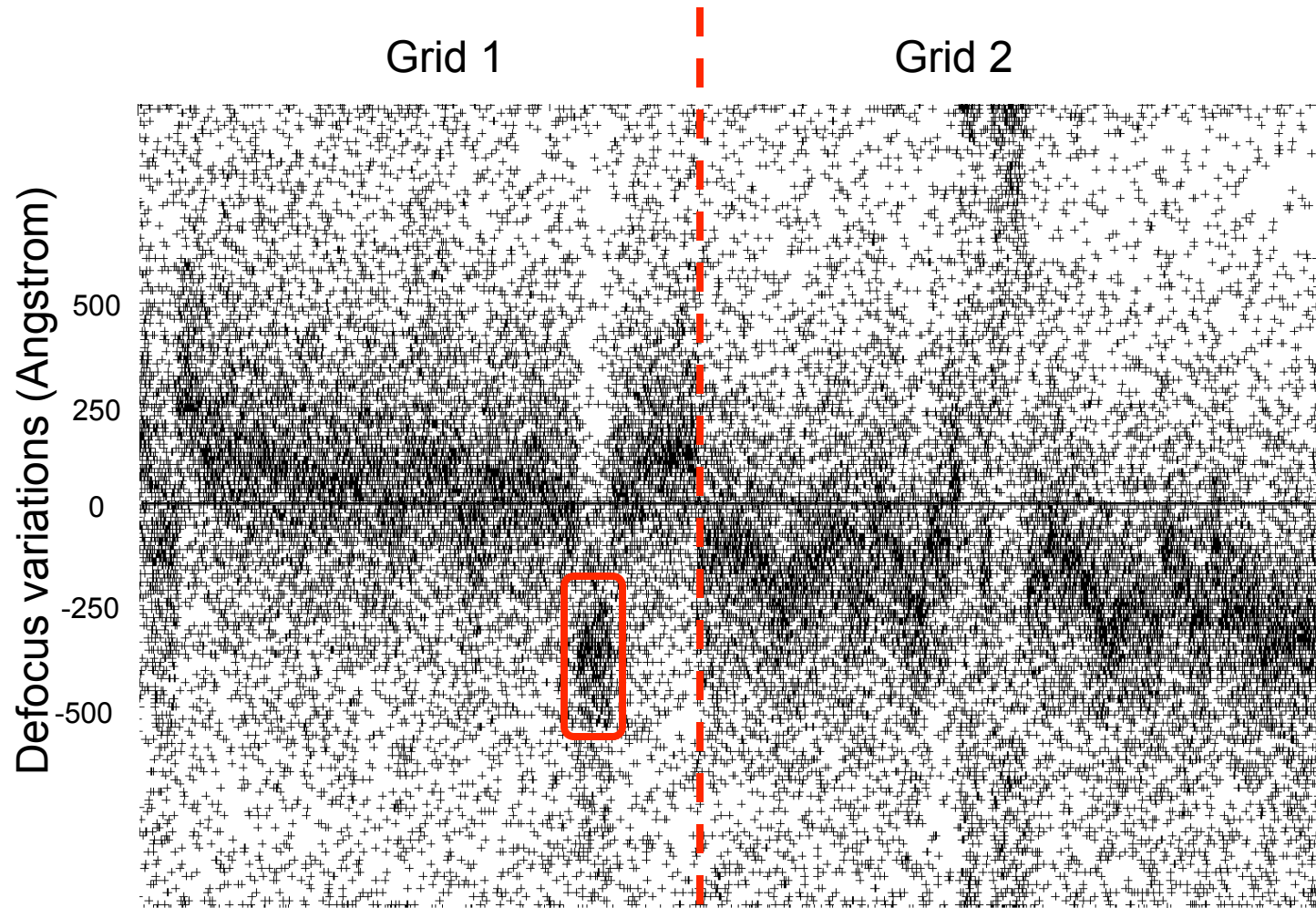
Focus Variation



Focus Variation

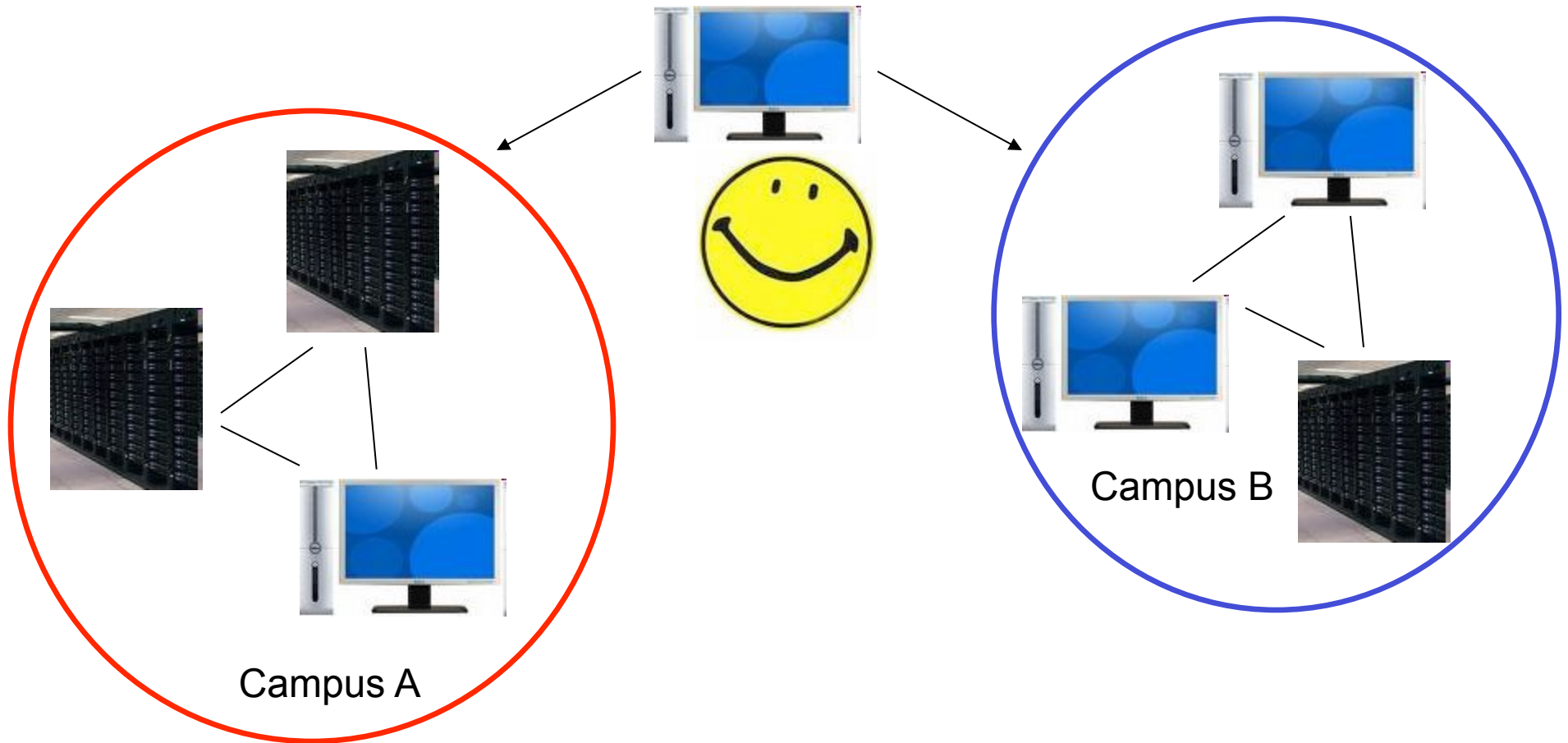


Detecting CTF Fitting Errors



Large Scale Distributed Computing:

Condor

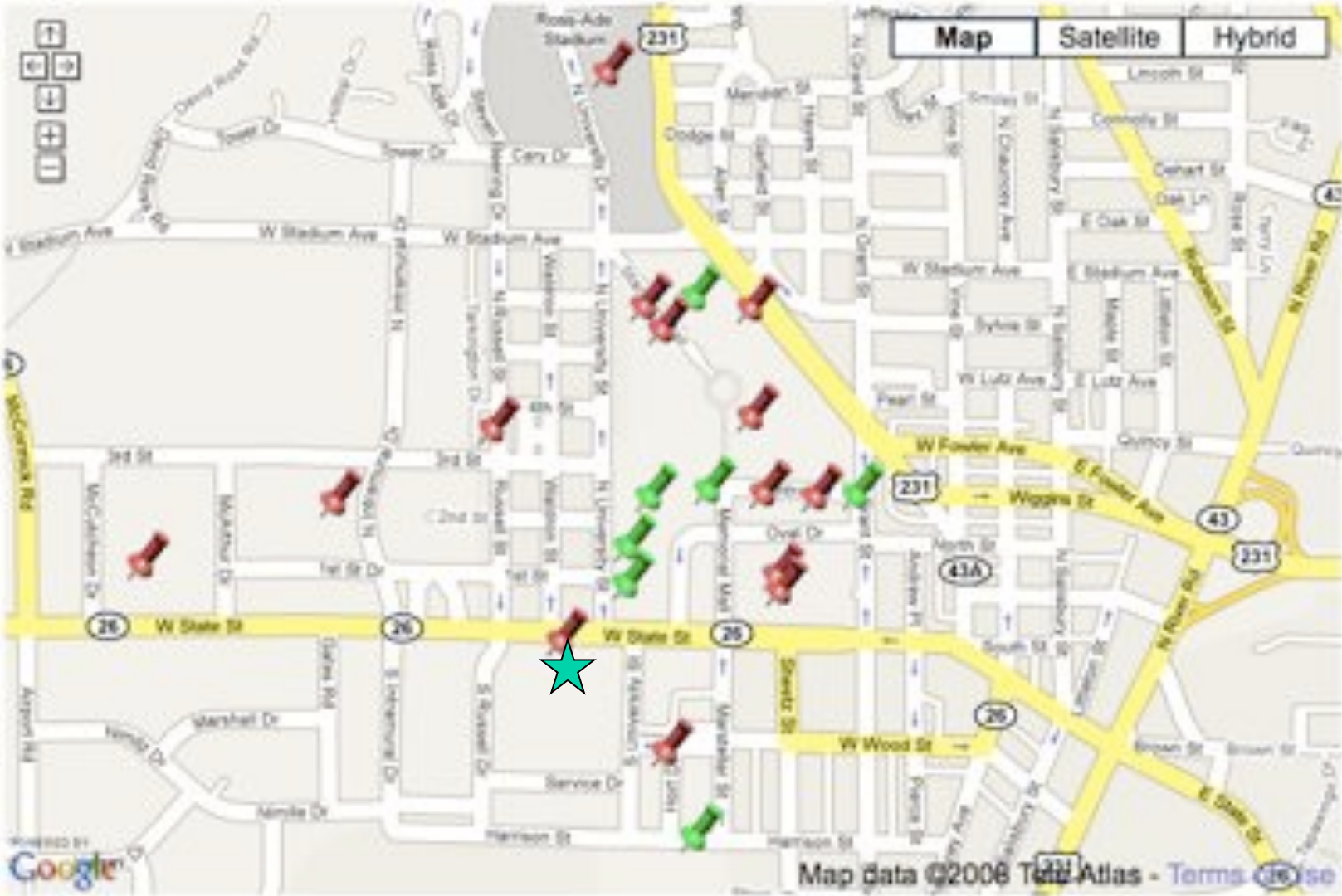


Developed by U Wisconsin - Madison



Condor
High Throughput Computing

Large Scale Computing: Condor



Greater than 50% available



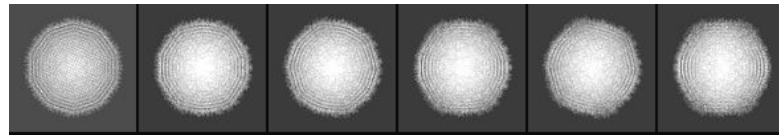
25% - 50% available



Less than 25% available

Parallelizing 2-D Alignment

reference projections of current 3-D model (n)



Cryo-EM particle images (m)



	0	1	2						n
0	M_{00}	M_{01}	M_{02}						M_{0n}
1	M_{10}	M_{11}	M_{12}						
2	M_{20}	M_{21}	M_{22}						
					M_{ij}				
m	M_{m0}								M_{mn}

- All to all comparison
- Comparisons are independent
- $m=10^2-10^5$
- $n=10^2-10^3$
- Image size: $100-1000^2$
- 3 variables (2 center, 1 rotation) for comparison pair
- Block parallelization

EMAN on Condor

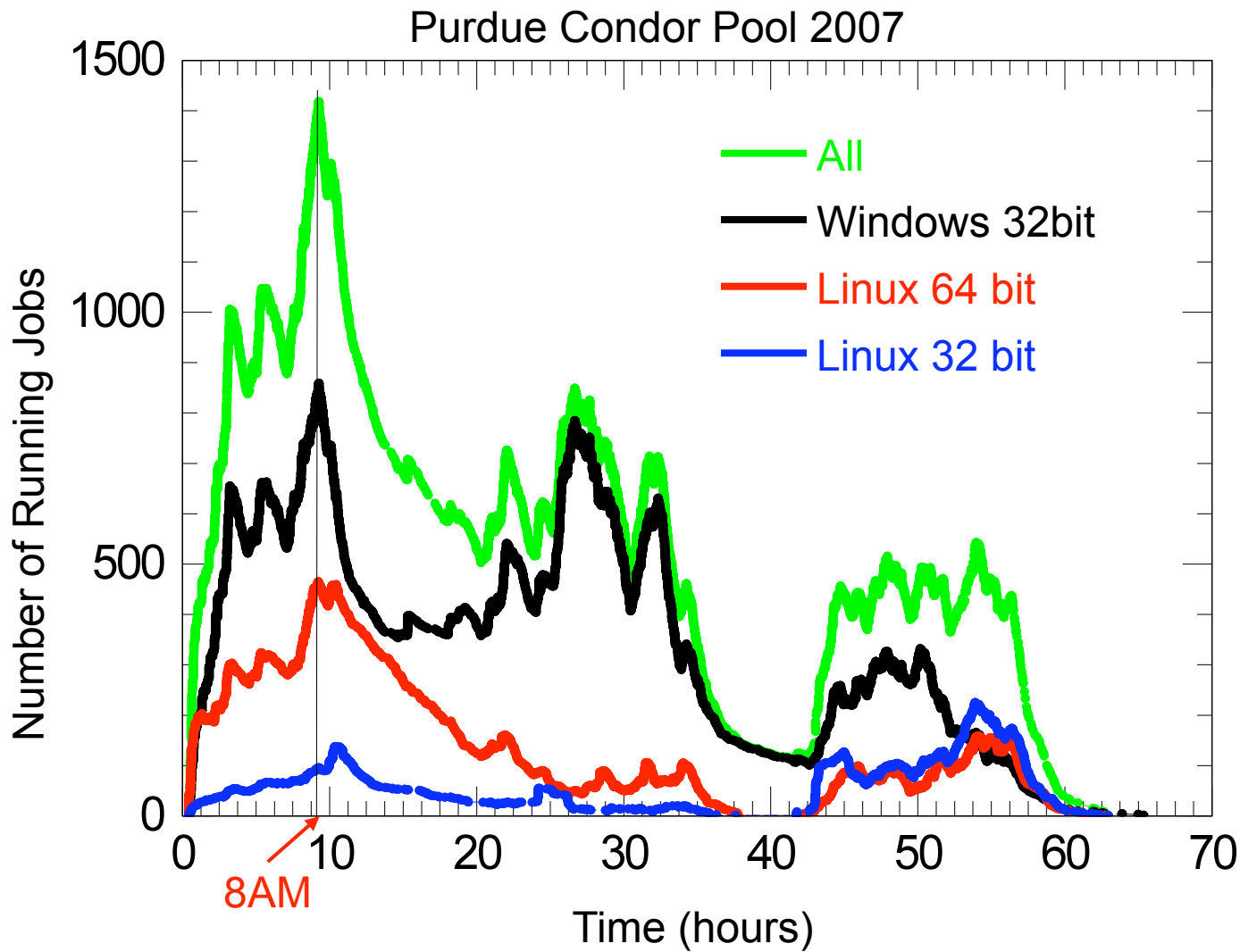
- Implemented EMAN on Condor
- Works well with Condor on Linux (32bit and 64bit X86, PPC64) and Windows
- Simultaneously run on all Purdue Condor pools (BoilerGrid)
 - Purdue main campus
 - Purdue Calumet
 - Indiana state university
 - Notre Dame University
- Hundreds to thousands CPUs can be used

Remaining Issues:

- Data IO/image file transfer bottleneck ?
- Distributed checkpointing ?

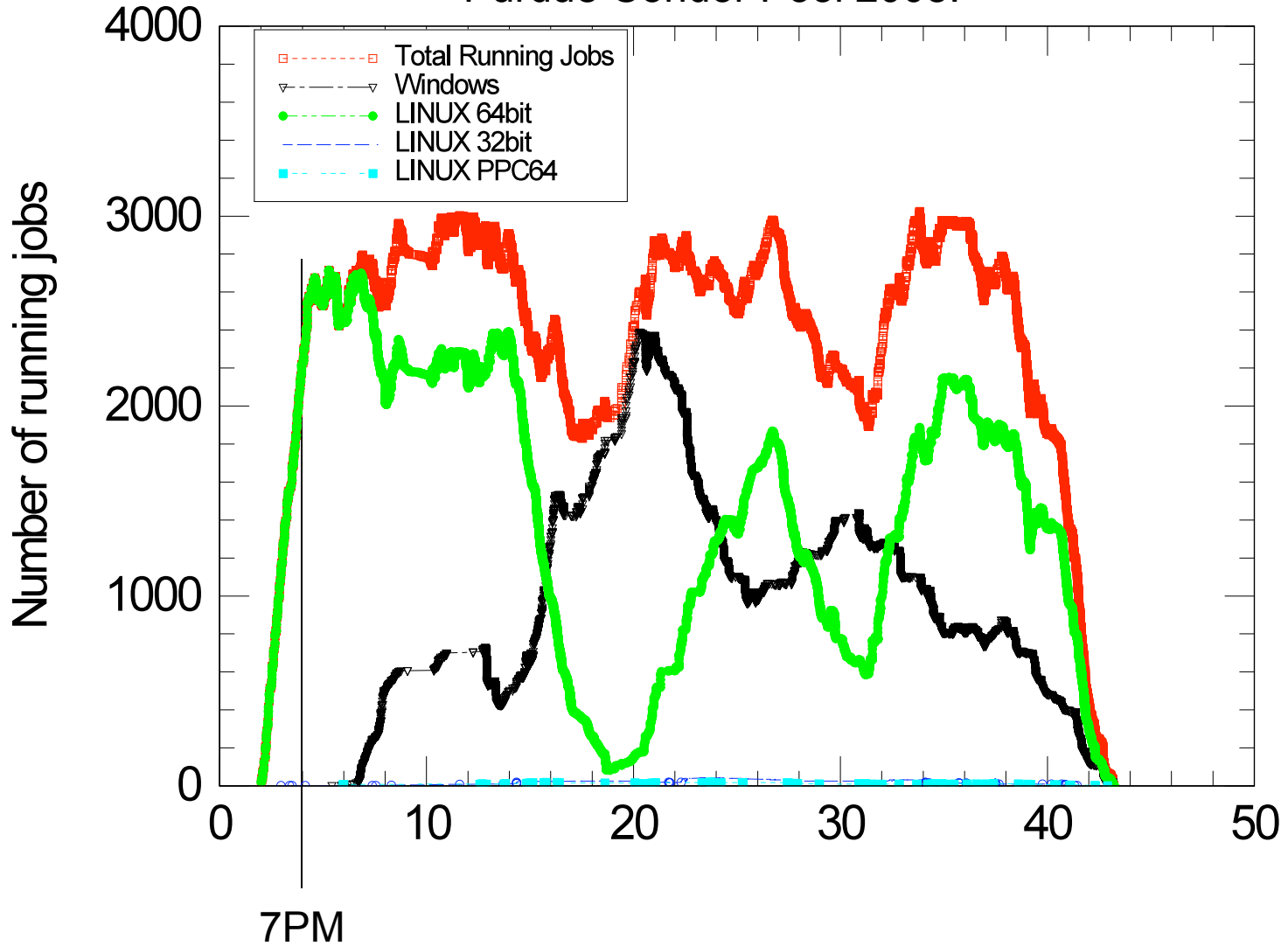


Large Scale Computing: Condor 100 → 1000 CPUs



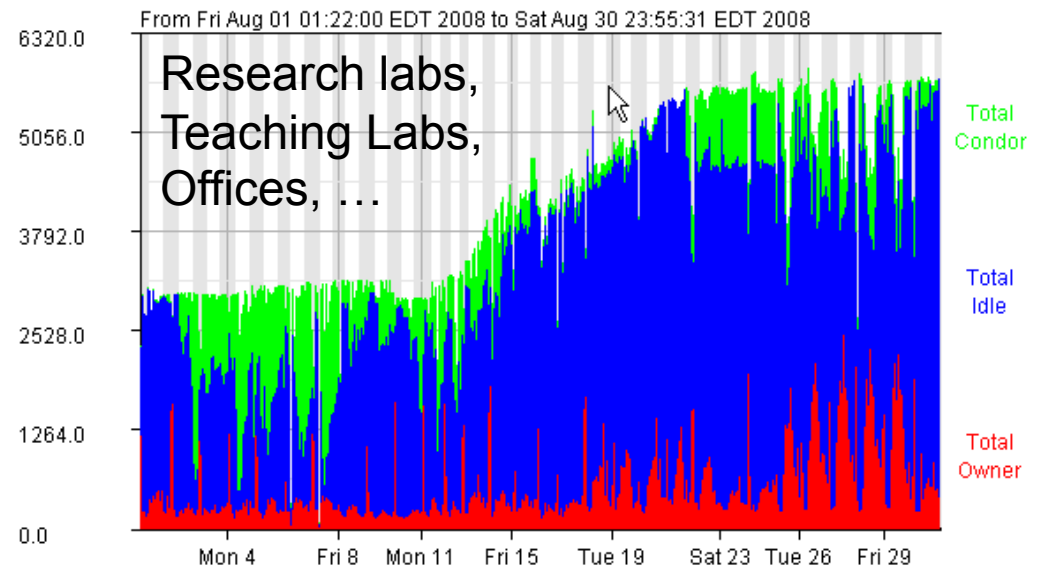
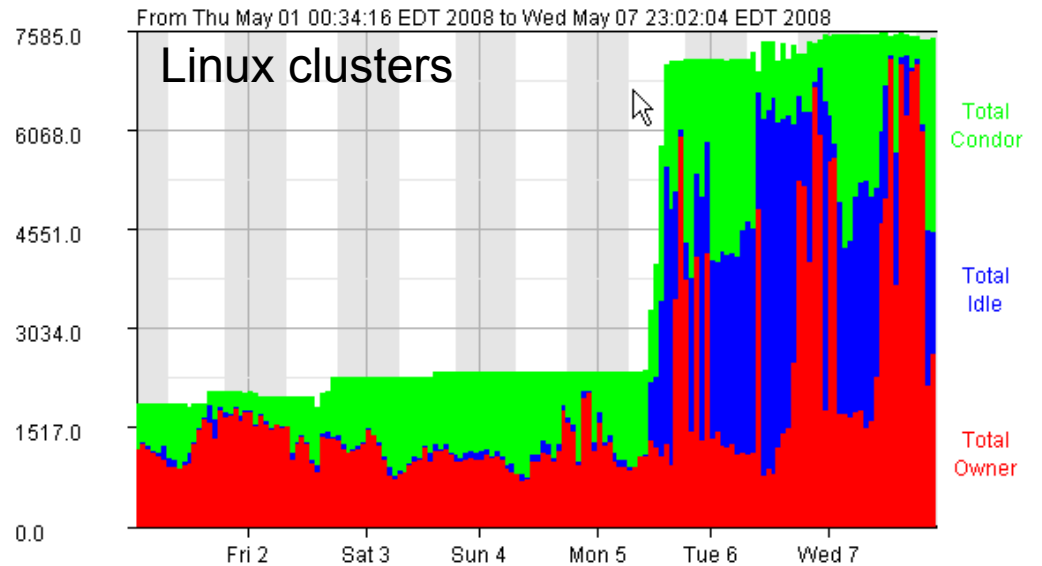
Condor Is Growing

Purdue Condor Pool 2008:



Condor Is Growing

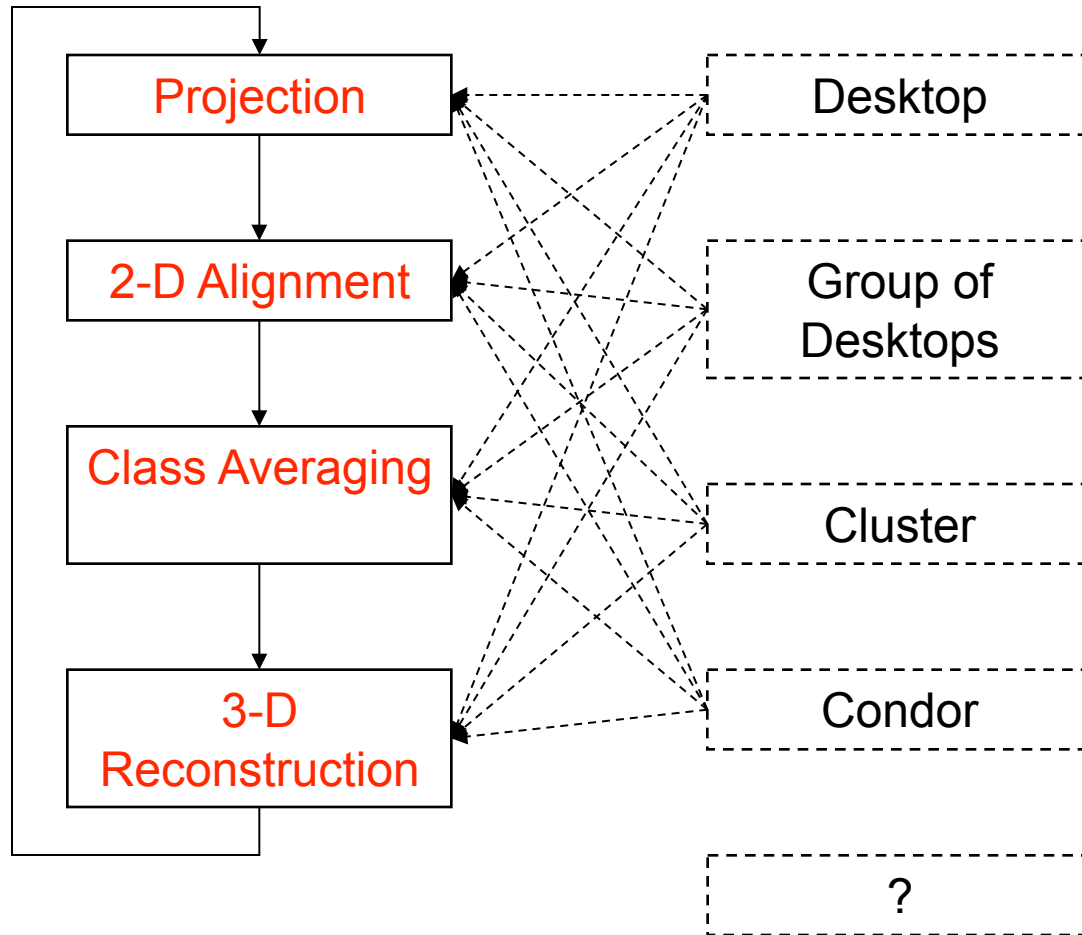
	Total	Owner	Claimed
IA64/LINUX	4	0	0
INTEL/LINUX	818	346	218
INTEL/WINNT51	5142	2887	1
INTEL/WINNT52	1	0	0
INTEL/WINNT60	2373	250	0
PPC/OSX	1	0	0
PPC64/LINUX	8	0	0
SUN4u/SOLARIS28	1	0	0
SUN4u/SOLARIS5.10	15	5	0
X86_64/LINUX	10739	7738	2857
Total	19102	11226	3076



Computing Resources for Image Processing

Image Processing Tasks

Computing Resources



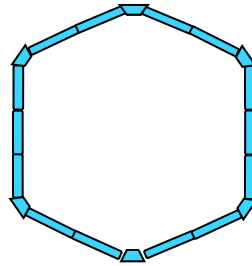
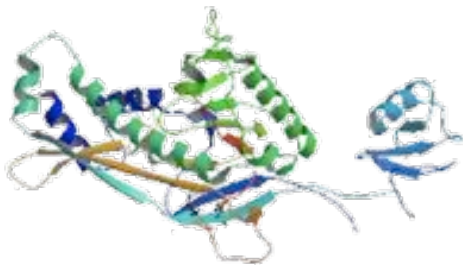
Our dream:

Super-computer scale resource for complete image processing from individual's desktop without worrying about complex computer issues for a biologist user

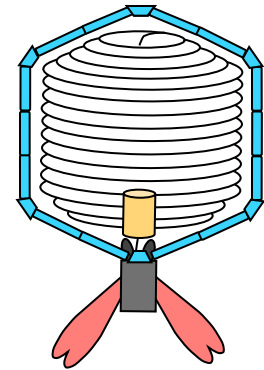
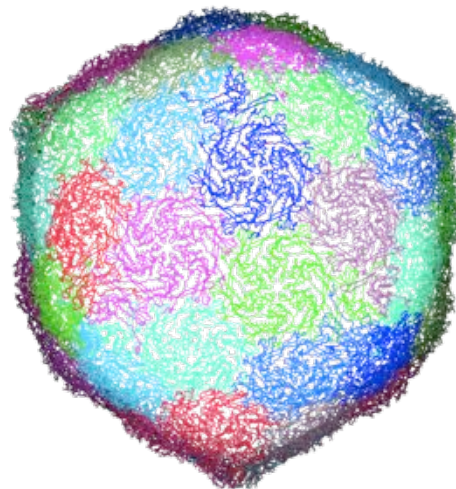
Tailed dsDNA Phage: Atomic Models



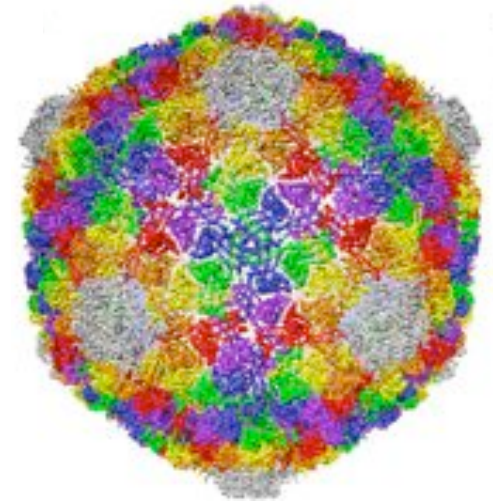
T4:
vertex protein
(2005)



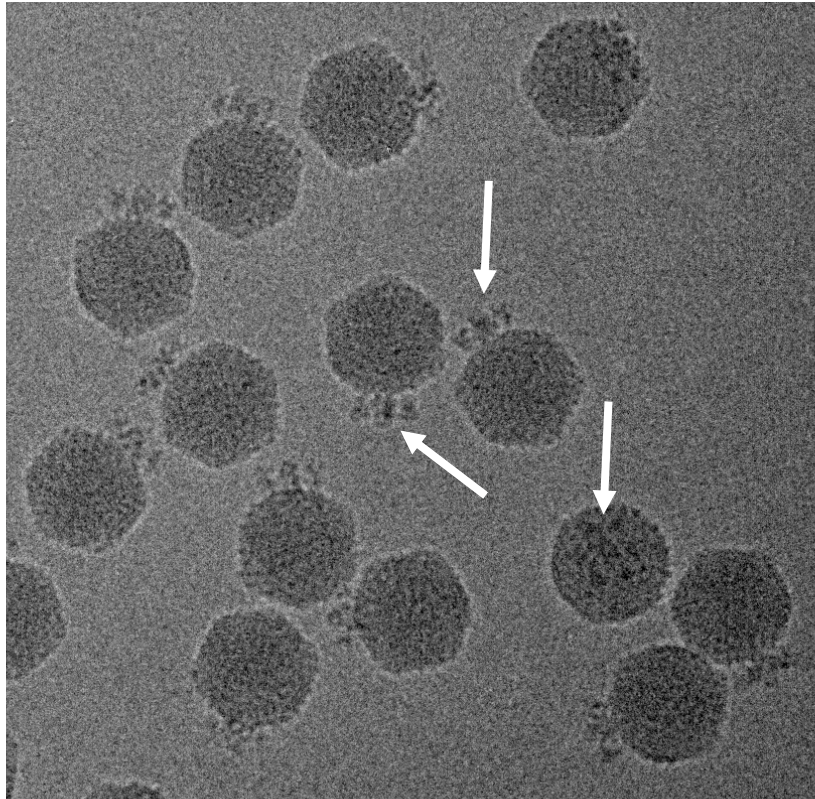
HK97:
recombinant shell
(2000)



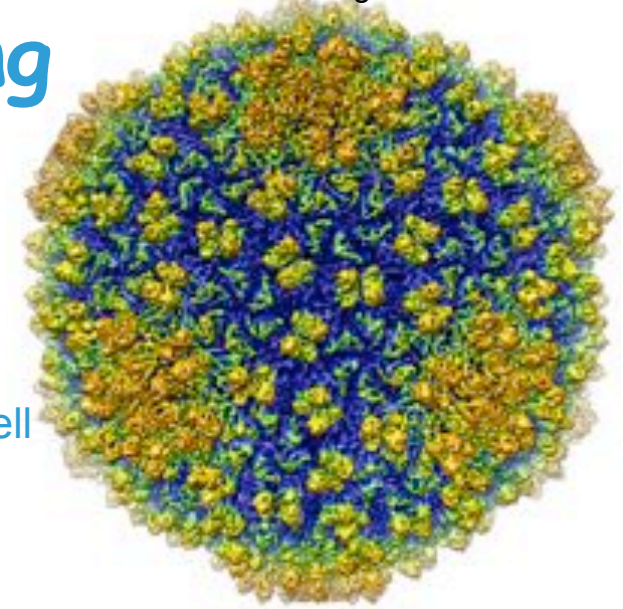
Infectious Phage
(2008)



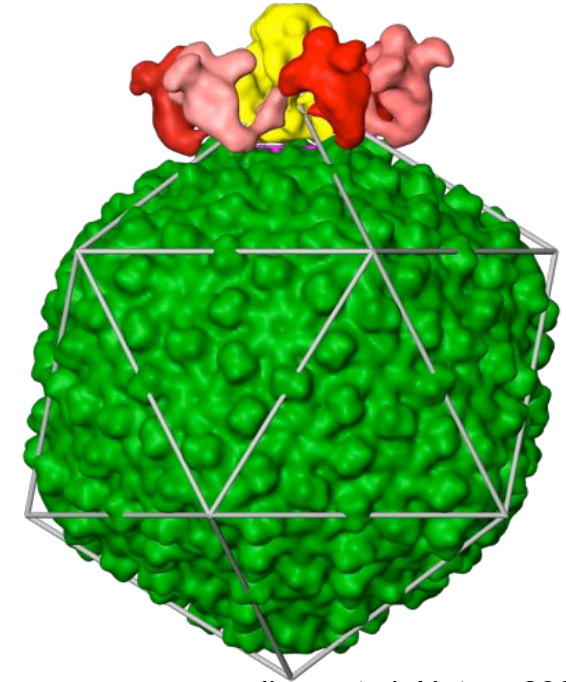
Beyond Icosahedral Averaging



Icosahedral shell
(4.5 Å)



Complete
structure (20 Å)

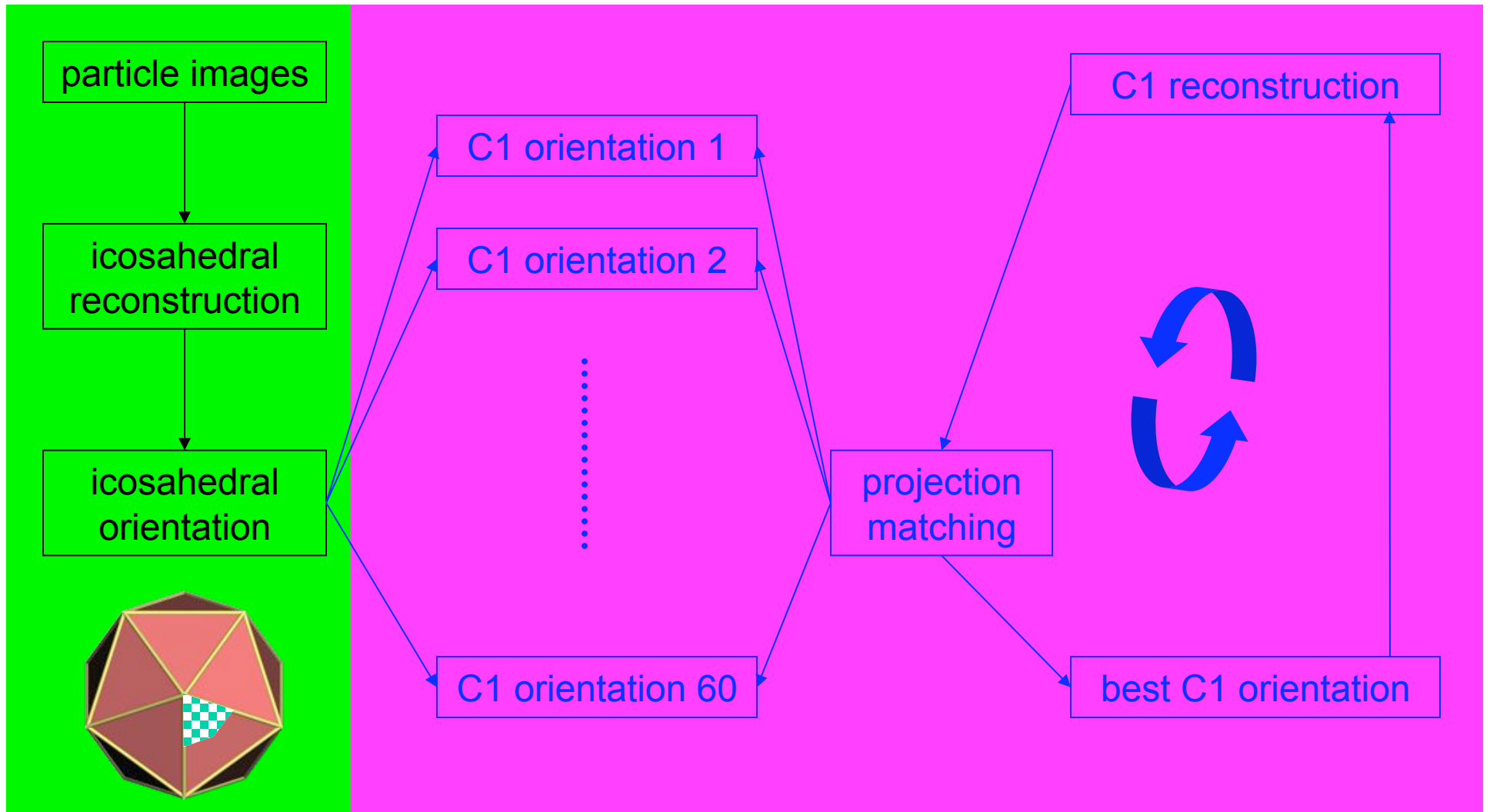


Can we solve the structure of non-icosahedral components: **portal**, **tail**, **genome** ?

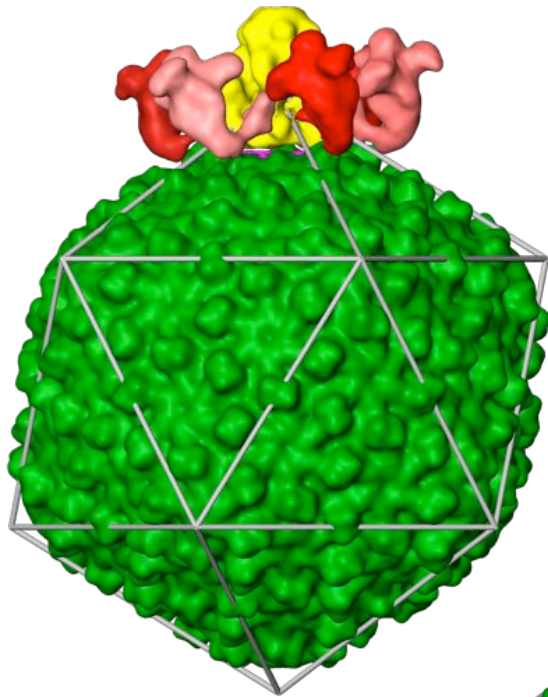
Icosahedral Reconstruction → Non-Icosahedral Reconstruction

icosahedral

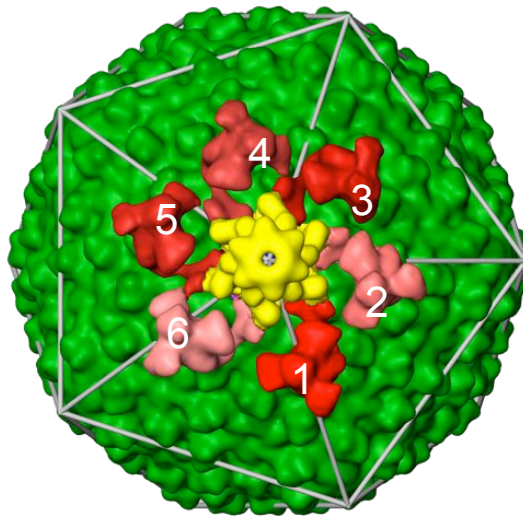
asymmetric reconstruction



Asymmetric Reconstruction



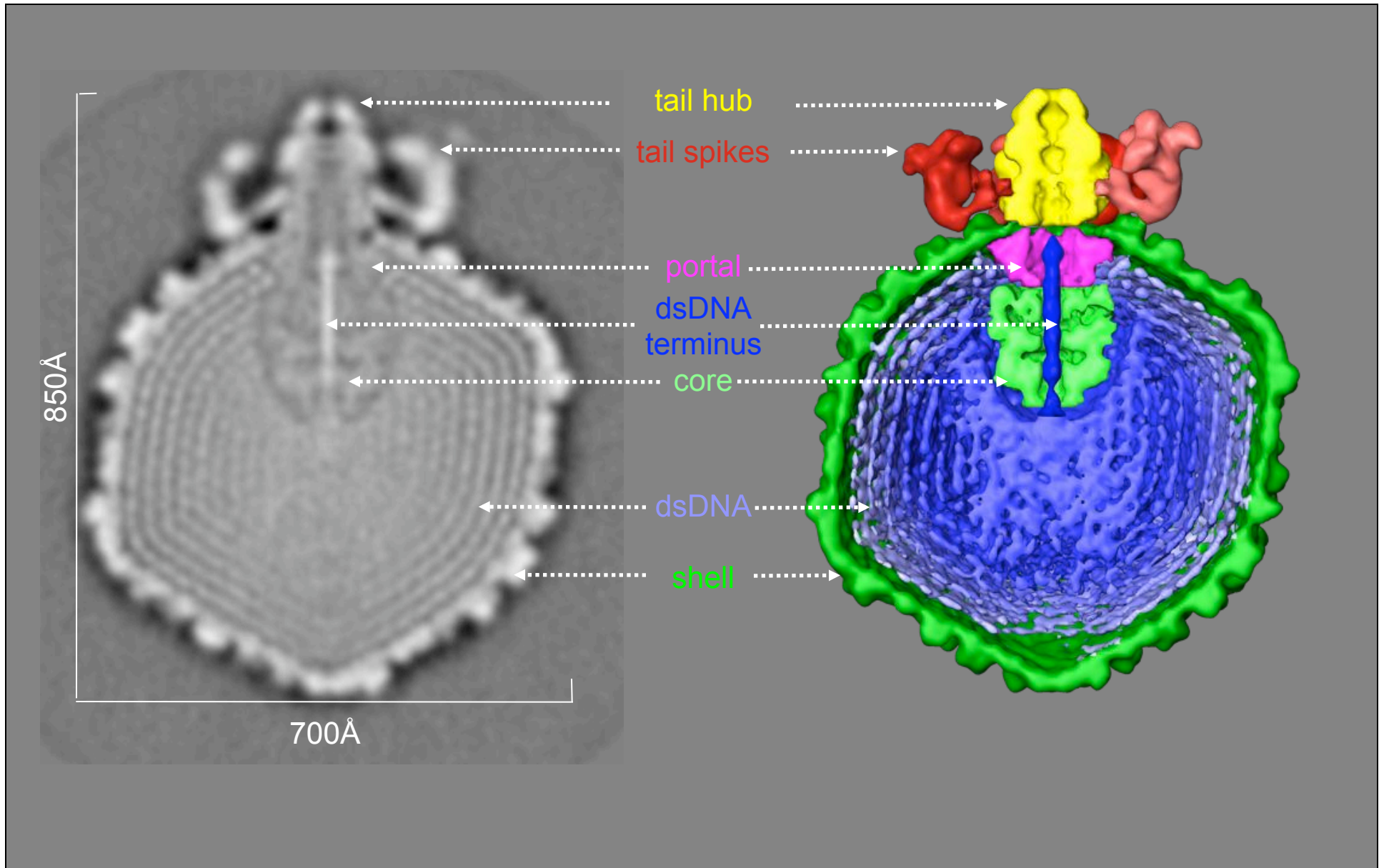
side view



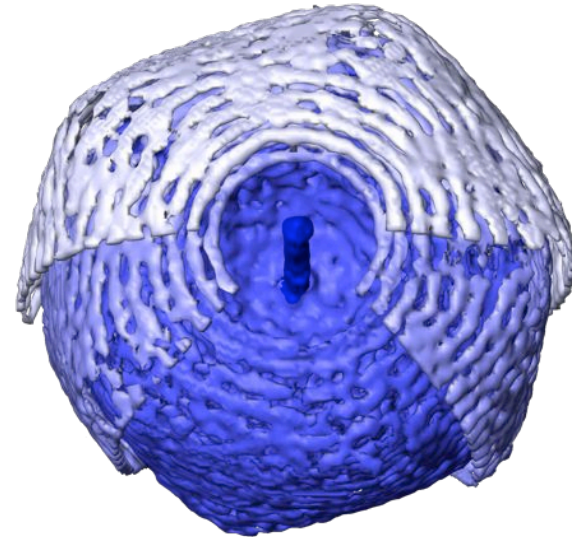
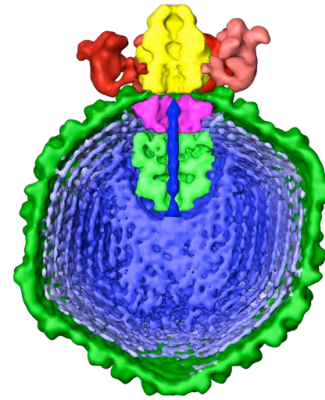
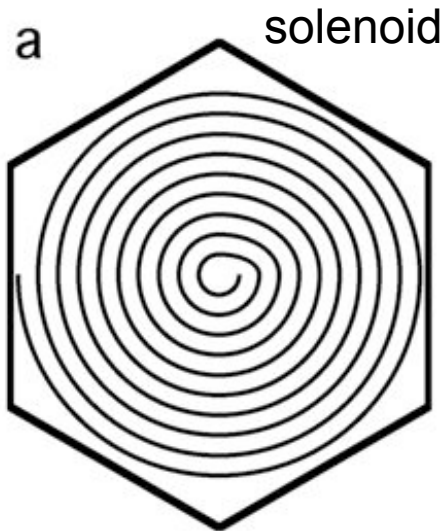
top view



"Virus Anatomy"

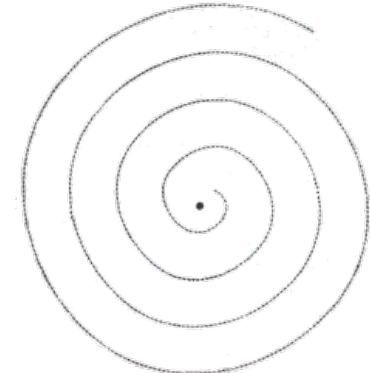
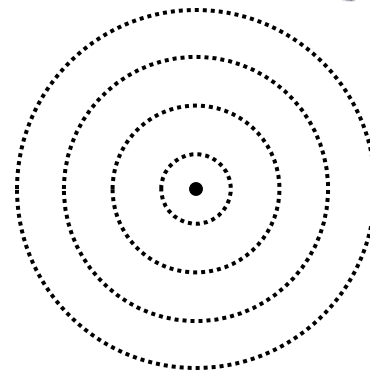


dsDNA Packing: Coaxial Spooling

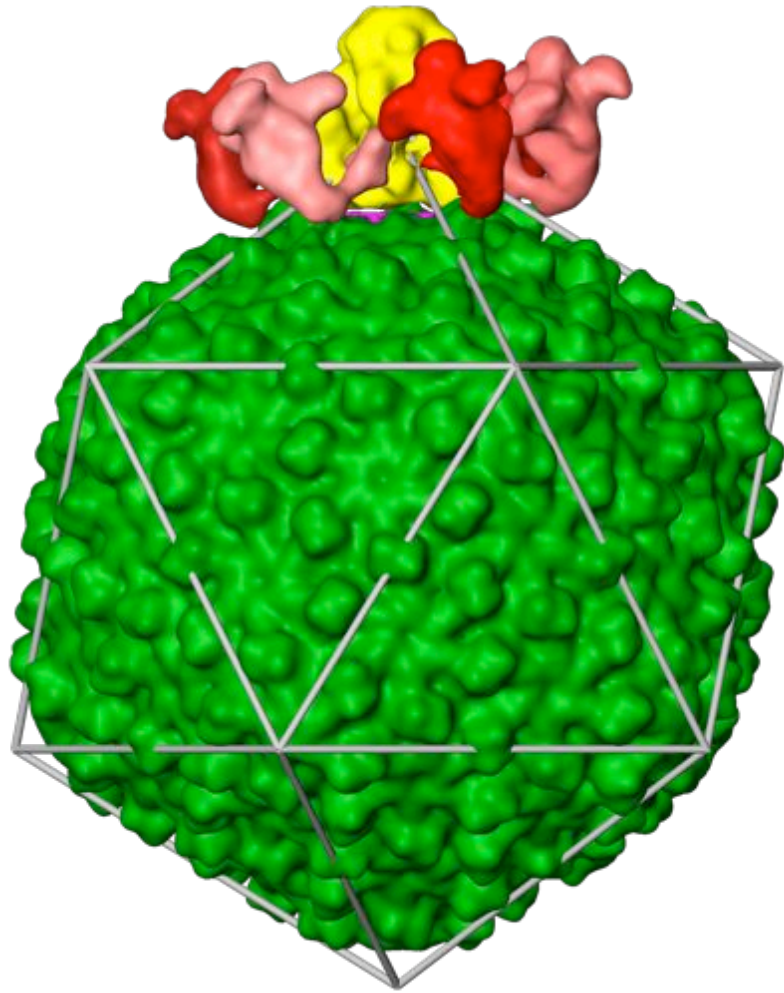


liquid crystal

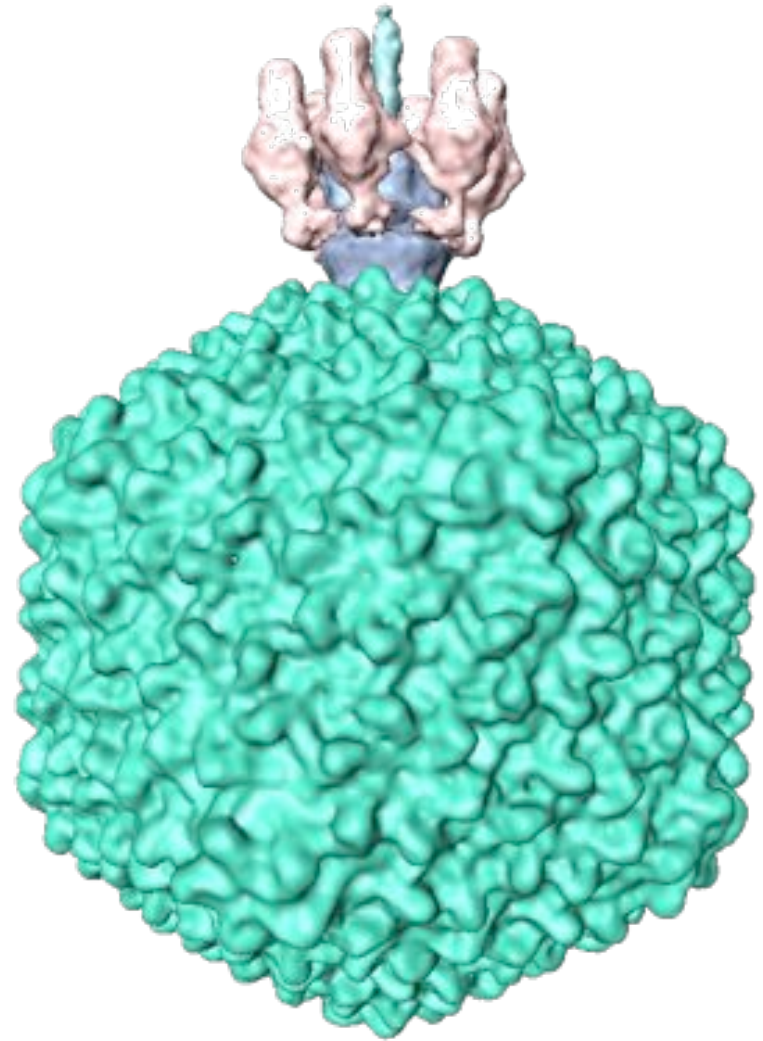
folded toroid



Epsilon15 vs. P22



Epsilon15



P22

Acknowledgments

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Rosen Center of Advanced
Computing

Baylor College of Medicine

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Qinfen Zhang

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Juan Chang

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